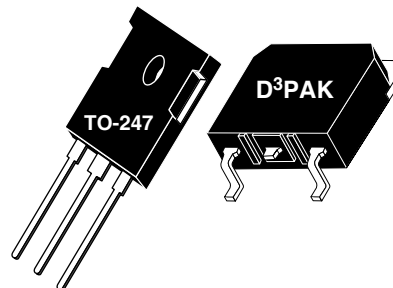
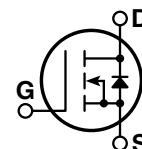


POWER MOS 7® FREDFET

Power MOS 7® is a new generation of low loss, high voltage, N-Channel enhancement mode power MOSFETS. Both conduction and switching losses are addressed with Power MOS 7® by significantly lowering $R_{DS(ON)}$ and Q_g . Power MOS 7® combines lower conduction and switching losses along with exceptionally fast switching speeds inherent with APT's patented metal gate structure.



- Lower Input Capacitance
- Lower Miller Capacitance
- Lower Gate Charge, Q_g
- Increased Power Dissipation
- Easier To Drive
- TO-247 or Surface Mount D³PAK Package
- **FAST RECOVERY BODY DIODE**


MAXIMUM RATINGS

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT1001R6BFLL_SFLL	UNIT
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	1000	Volts
I_D	Continuous Drain Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	8	Amps
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ^①	32	
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage Continuous	± 30	Volts
V_{GSM}	Gate-Source Voltage Transient	± 40	
P_D	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	266	Watts
	Linear Derating Factor	2.13	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Lead Temperature: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ^① (Repetitive and Non-Repetitive)	4	Amps
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ^①	16	mJ
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^④	425	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage ($V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$)	1000			Volts
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain-Source On-State Resistance ^② ($V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 4A$)			1.600	Ohms
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ($V_{DS} = 1000V, V_{GS} = 0V$)			250	μA
	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current ($V_{DS} = 800V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$)			1000	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Source Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = \pm 30V, V_{DS} = 0V$)			± 100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1mA$)	3		5	Volts



CAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

APT Website - <http://www.advancedpower.com>

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

APT1001R6BFL S_FLL

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1320		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			230		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			42		
Q_g	Total Gate Charge ③	$V_{GS} = 10V$ $V_{DD} = 500V$ $I_D = 8A @ 25^\circ C$		55		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge			7		
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge			35		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	RESISTIVE SWITCHING $V_{GS} = 15V$ $V_{DD} = 500V$ $I_D = 8A @ 25^\circ C$ $R_G = 0.6\Omega$		18		ns
t_r	Rise Time			18		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			32		
t_f	Fall Time			19		
E_{on}	Turn-on Switching Energy ⑥	INDUCTIVE SWITCHING @ 25°C $V_{DD} = 667V$ $V_{GS} = 15V$ $I_D = 8A$, $R_G = 5\Omega$		210		μJ
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy			40		
E_{on}	Turn-on Switching Energy ⑥	INDUCTIVE SWITCHING @ 125°C $V_{DD} = 667V$ $V_{GS} = 15V$ $I_D = 8A$, $R_G = 5\Omega$		450		
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy			50		

SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)			8	Amps
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current ① (Body Diode)			32	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ② ($V_{GS} = 0V$, $I_S = -8A$)			1.3	Volts
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ⑤			18	V/ns
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time ($I_S = -8A$, $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$)	$T_j = 25^\circ C$		250	ns
		$T_j = 125^\circ C$		515	
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge ($I_S = -8A$, $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$)	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	0.50		μC
		$T_j = 125^\circ C$	1.1		
I_{RRM}	Peak Recovery Current ($I_S = -8A$, $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$)	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	8.3		Amps
		$T_j = 125^\circ C$	11.5		

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case			0.47	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to Ambient			40	

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature

② Pulse Test: Pulse width < 380 μs , Duty Cycle < 2%

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471

④ Starting $T_j = +25^\circ C$, $L = 13.28mH$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, Peak $I_L = 8A$

⑤ dv/dt numbers reflect the limitations of the test circuit rather than the device itself. $I_S \leq I_D - 8A$ $di/dt \leq 700A/\mu s$ $V_R \leq 1000$ $T_j \leq 150^\circ C$

⑥ E_{on} includes diode reverse recovery. See figures 18, 20.

APT Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

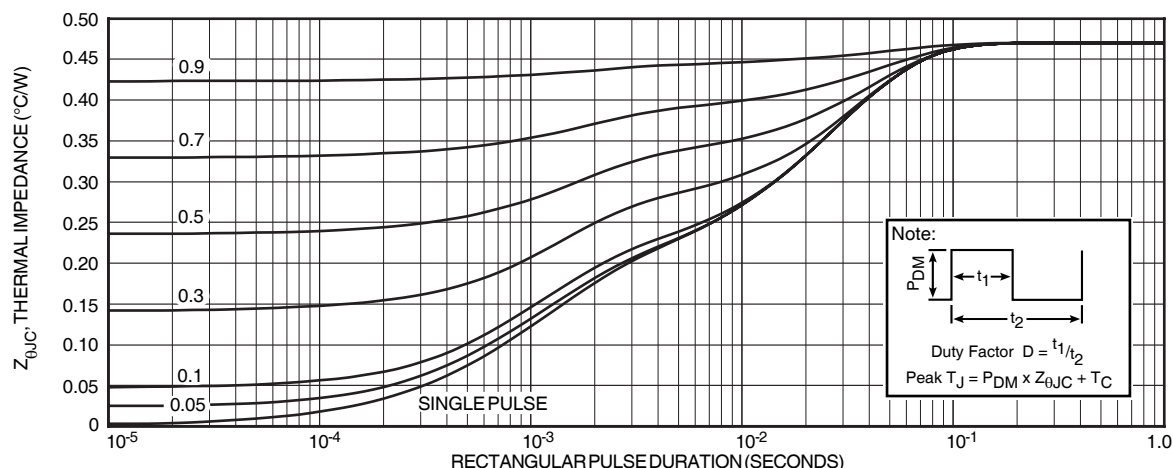


FIGURE 1, MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs PULSE DURATION

Typical Performance Curves

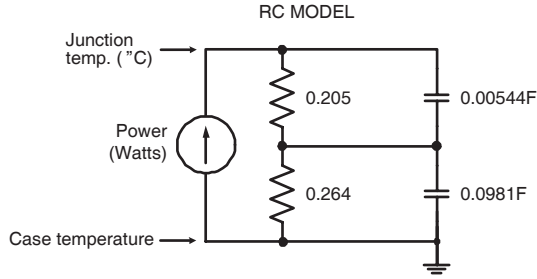


FIGURE2, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

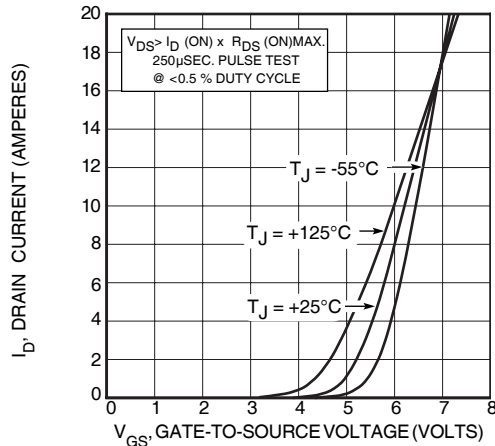


FIGURE 4, TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

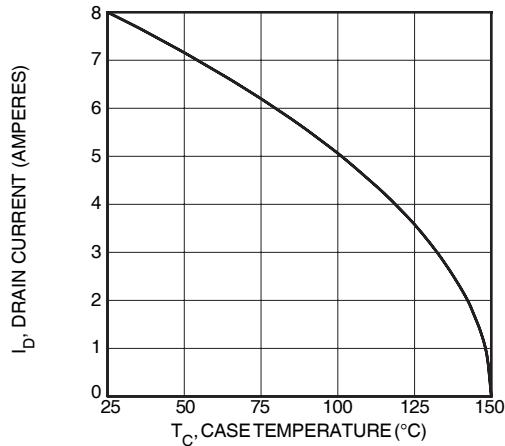


FIGURE6, MAXIMUM DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

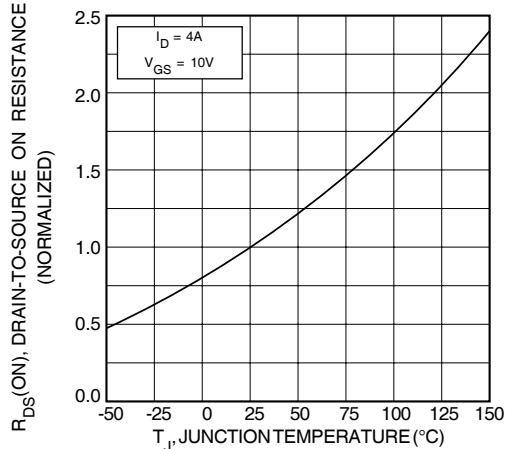


FIGURE8, ON-RESISTANCE vs. TEMPERATURE

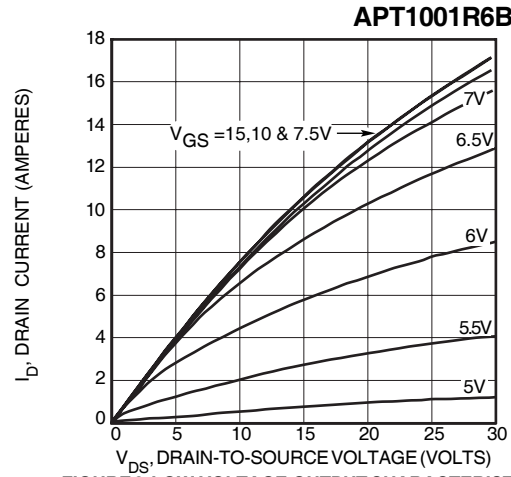


FIGURE3, LOW VOLTAGE OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

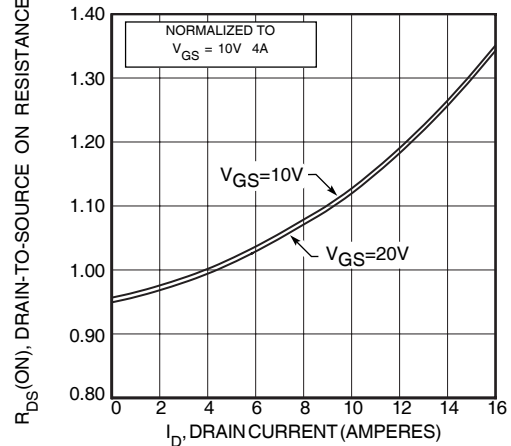


FIGURE 5, $R_{DS}(\text{ON})$ vs DRAIN CURRENT

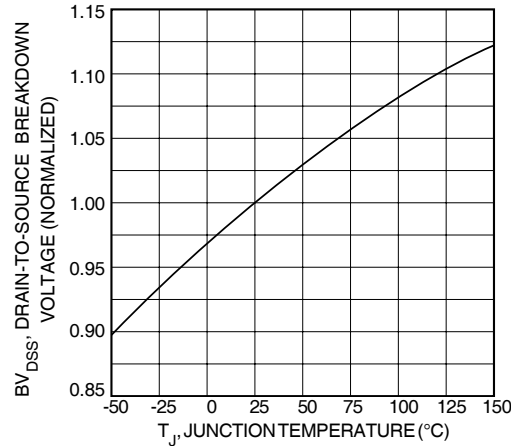


FIGURE7, BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

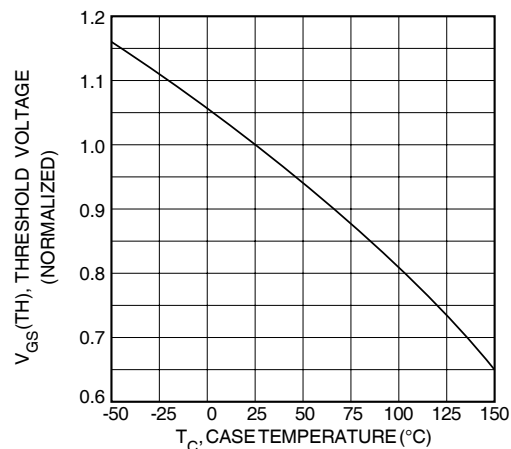


FIGURE9, THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

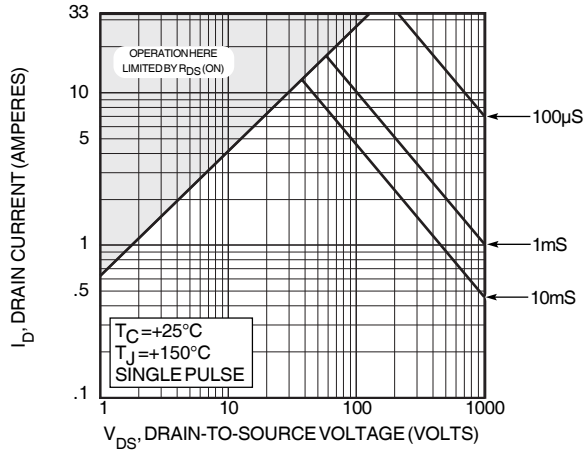


FIGURE 10, MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA

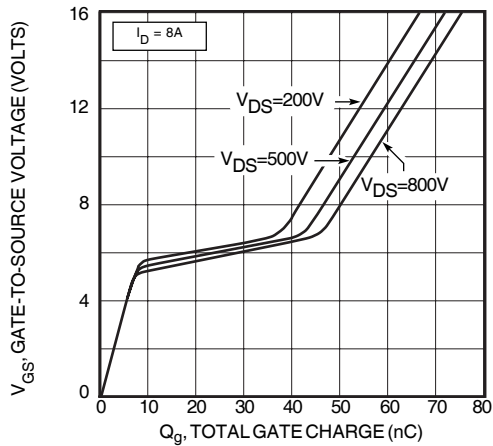


FIGURE 12, GATE CHARGE vs GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

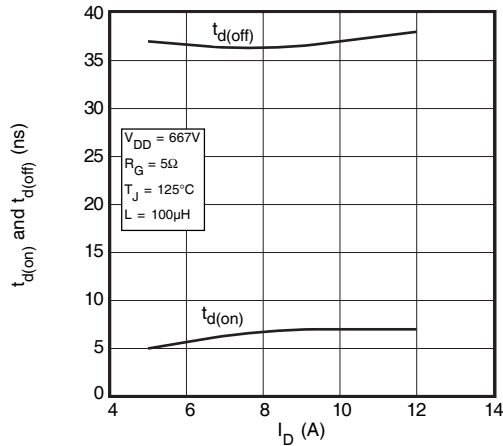


FIGURE 14, DELAY TIMES vs CURRENT

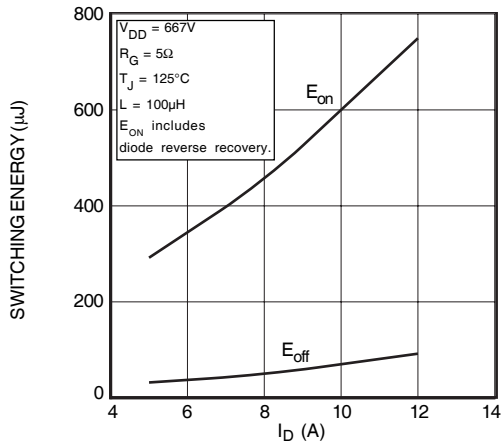


FIGURE 16, SWITCHING ENERGY vs CURRENT

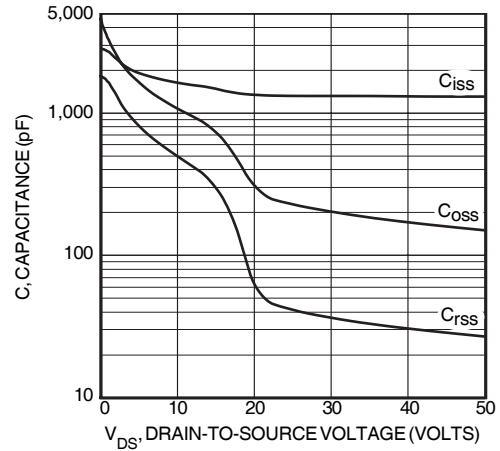


FIGURE 11, CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

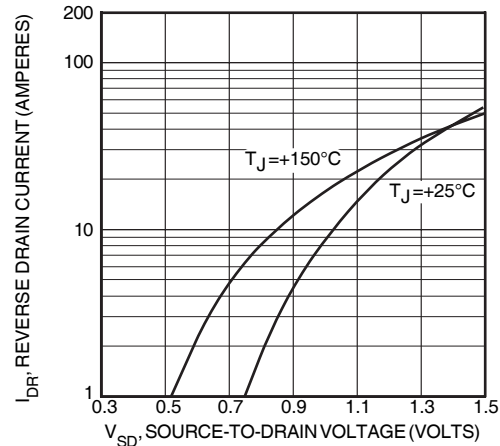


FIGURE 13, SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

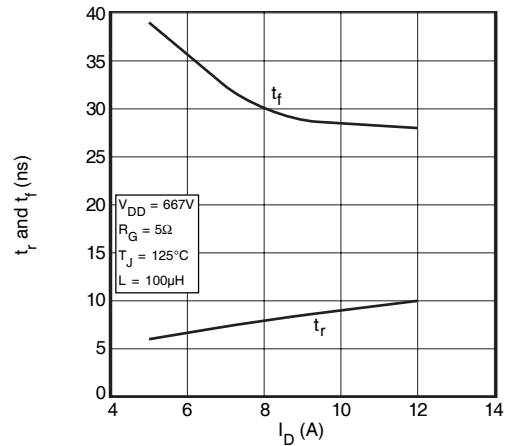


FIGURE 15, RISE AND FALL TIMES vs CURRENT

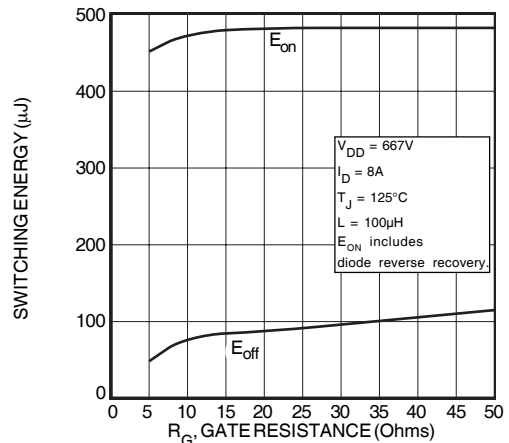
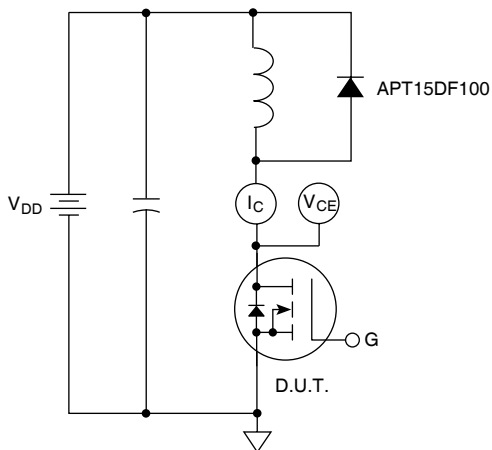
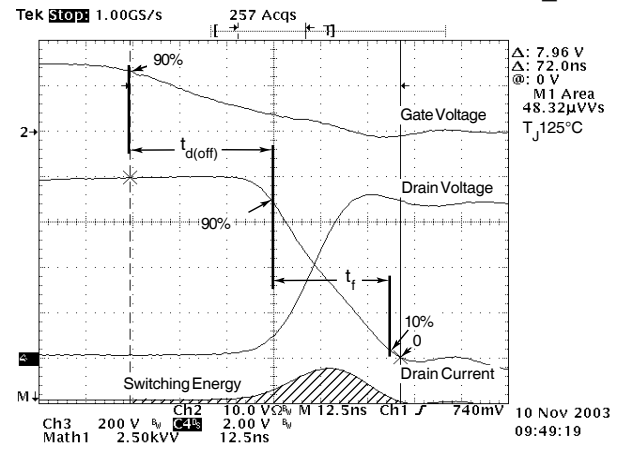
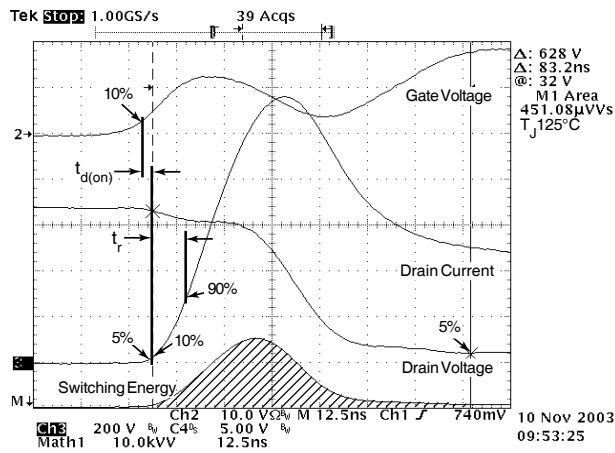
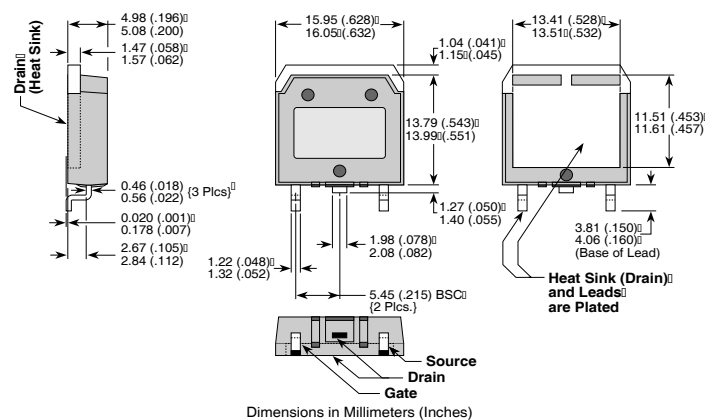


FIGURE 17, SWITCHING ENERGY vs. GATE RESISTANCE



D³PAK Package Outline



APT's products are covered by one or more of U.S. patents 4,895,810 5,045,903 5,089,434 5,182,234 5,019,522 5,262,336 6,503,786 5,256,583 4,748,103 5,283,202 5,231,474 5,434,095 5,528,058 and foreign patents. US and Foreign patents pending. All Rights Reserved.