

DS0124
Datasheet
IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions



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1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document.

- Updated [Figure 31](#), page 36
- Updated [Figure 35](#), page 40
- Updated [Figure 41](#), page 46

1.2 Revision 8.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 8.0 of this document.

- [Table 3](#), page 21 has been updated and a footnote has been added to indicate that there is a limitation regarding the assignment of LVDS to DDRIOs.
- In [Table 12](#), page 30, added "/TS" to all part numbers ending with "T".

1.3 Revision 7.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 7.0 of this document.

- Updated all the cross references in the document with the Microchip website migrated links.
- Added [Figure 3](#), page 5.
- Updated [Table 1](#), page 18.
- Updated [Table 6](#), page 24 note with the following.
 - For M2S090T(S), M2GL090T(S), M2S150T(S), and M2GL150T(S) devices, the VPP and VPPNVM must be connected to a 3.3 V supply.
 - Updated Supply Pins Description column for the following pins: VDDIx and VREFx for the unused condition.
- Updated [Table 9](#), page 28 Device Reset and Crystal Oscillator Pin Types and Descriptions for the DEVRST_n pin description for the unused conditions.
- Added VFG784 package in "[Bank Location Diagrams](#)" the and "[Mechanical Drawings](#)" sections.
- Updated [Table 10](#), page 29. SERDES I/O Port Names and Descriptions. With the unused conditions.
- Updated [Table 12](#), page 30.
- Added [Figure 29](#), page 34 to [Figure 52](#), page 56.

1.4 Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- Added [Figure IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations](#) (SAR 74266).
- Added "MDDR/FDDR Interface" section (SAR 69579).

1.5 Revision 5.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 5.0 of this document.

- Added [Figure IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-FG484 I/O Bank Locations](#) (SAR 67177).
- Updated [Table Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - FC1152, FG896, VFG784, FG676, FCS536, FCV484, and FG484.](#)
- Added [Figure Internal Clamp Diode Control Circuitry.](#)
- Updated [Table Reference Resistors](#) (SAR 67026).
- Updated "[Supply Pins](#)" section (SAR 65339).

- Updated "Programming SPI" section (SAR 66178).
- Updated Table Input Only Pins.

1.6 Revision 4.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 4.0 of this document.

- Added new Figure IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/ M2GL060T/M2GL060-FG676 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 64505).
- Added new Figure IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FCS536 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 64505).
- Added new Figure IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FCV484 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 64505).
- Added new Figure IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-VF400 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 64505).
- Remove all instances of and references to M2GL100 device (SAR 62858).
- Replaced VQ144 with TQ 144 from Table Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - VF400, FCS325, VF256, and TQ144.
- Updated "Dedicated Global I/O Naming Conventions" section (SAR 63992).

1.7 Revision 3.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 3.0 of this document.

- Updated Notes for Bank Location figures (SAR 58571).
- Added new Figure IGLOO2 M2GL010TS/M2GL010T/M2GL010-VF256 I/O Bank Locations, Figure IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-VF256 I/O Bank Locations, and Figure IGLOO2 M2GL010-TQ144 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 58572).
- Modified Figure IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-TQ144 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 58572).
- Modified Table Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - FC1152, FG896, VFG784, FG676, FCS536, FCV484, and FG484 by moving VF400 and FCS 325 devices to Table 2 • Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - VF400, FCS325, VF256, and TQ144 (SAR 58572).
- Added VF256 and VQ144 devices to Table Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - VF400, FCS325, VF256, and TQ144 (SAR 58572).
- Modified notes in Table Reference Resistors (SAR 58574).
- Modified notes in Table Supply Pins (SAR 58575).
- Modified Table Supply Pins by adding 'x' to supply pin names and deleting the individual pin names (SAR 58572).
- Added Table Input Only Pins (SAR 58576).
- Added Figure VF256 Package Drawing and Figure TQ144 Package Drawing (SAR 58572).

1.8 Revision 2.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 2.0 of this document.

- Modified Notes for the following figures: Figure IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FC1152 I/O Bank Locations, Figure IGLOO2 M2GL100TS/M2GL100T-FC1152 I/O Bank Locations, and Figure IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FG484 I/O Bank Locations (SAR 55861).
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations, Figure IGLOO2 M2GL025TS/M2GL025T/M2GL025-VF256 I/O Bank Locations, and Figure IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-TQ144 I/O Bank Locations are new (SAR 55996).
- Updated Table Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - FC1152, FG896, VFG784, FG676, FCS536, FCV484, and FG484 for I/O types (SARs 53411 and 55862).
- Note added for VPP and VPPNVM for 090, 100, and 150 devices in Table Supply Pins for I/O types (SAR 55857).
- Added descriptions for TMATCH pins to Table Special Pins (SAR 54079).

1.9 Revision 1.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 1.0 of this document.

- Table User I/O Types was corrected to change LVDS to LVDS2V5 (SAR 47753).

- Updated description column in Table User I/O Types (SAR 48665).
- Updated description column for VREF0 and VREF5 in Table Supply Pins (SAR 47164).
- Updated description column for FLASH_GOLDEN_N in Table Programming SPI Interface (SAR 52247).
- Updated description column in Table Device Reset and Crystal Oscillator Pin Types and Descriptions for DEVRST_N (SARs 50803, 52525).
- Updated the links (SAR 52236).
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FC1152 I/O Bank Locations
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL100TS/M2GL100T-FC1152 I/O Bank Locations
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FG676 I/O Bank Locations
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-FG484 I/O Bank Locations
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-VF400 I/O Bank Locations
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL050TS/M2GL050T/M2GL050-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations are new I/O Bank Location Figures for the FC1152, FG676, FG484, VF400, and FCS325 (SAR 52410).
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FG484 I/O Bank Locations
- Figure IGLOO2 M2GL025TS/M2GL025T/M2GL025-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations are new I/O Bank Location Figures for the FG484 and FCS325 (SAR 52721).
- Figure FC1152 Package Drawing
- Figure FG676 Package Drawing
- Figure FCS325 Package Drawing are new package drawings for the FC1152, FG676 and FCS325 (SAR 52410).

1.10 Revision 0.0

Revision 0.0 was the initial release.

2 IGLOO2 Pin Descriptions

2.1 User I/Os

IGLOO[®]2 field programmable gate array (FPGA) devices feature a flexible I/O structure that supports a range of mixed voltages (1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V, and 3.3 V) through bank selection. The MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO can be configured as differential I/Os or two single-ended I/Os. These I/Os use one I/O slot to implement single-ended standards and two I/O slots for differential standards.

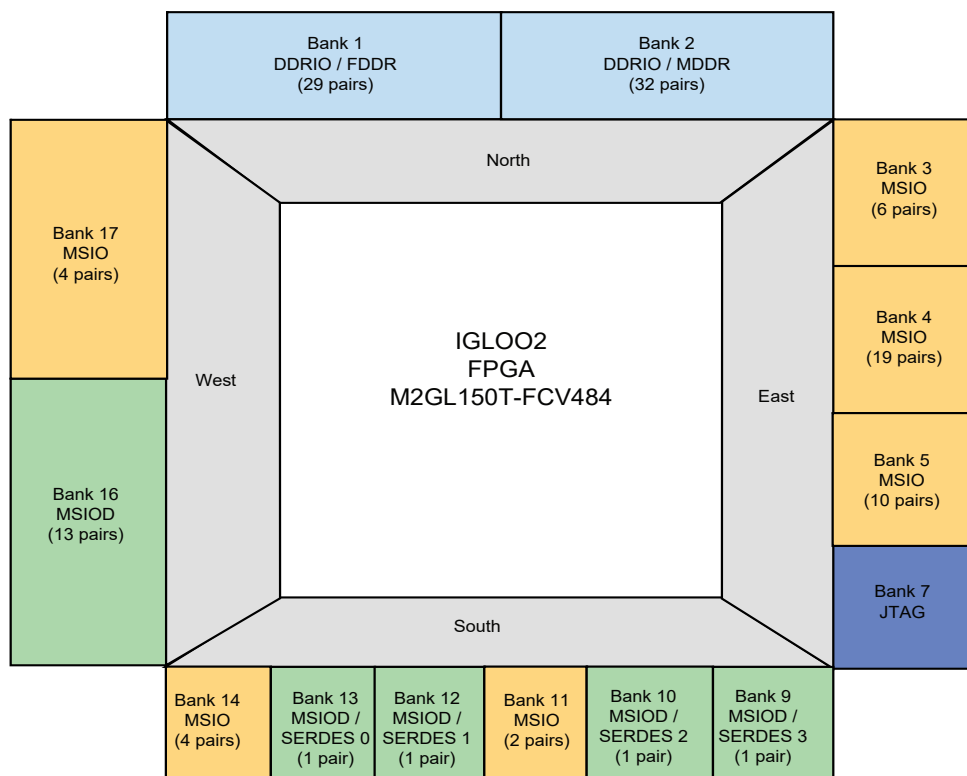
For functional block diagrams of MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO, refer to the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

For supported I/O standards, refer to the "Supported Voltage Standards" table in the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

2.2 Bank Location Diagrams

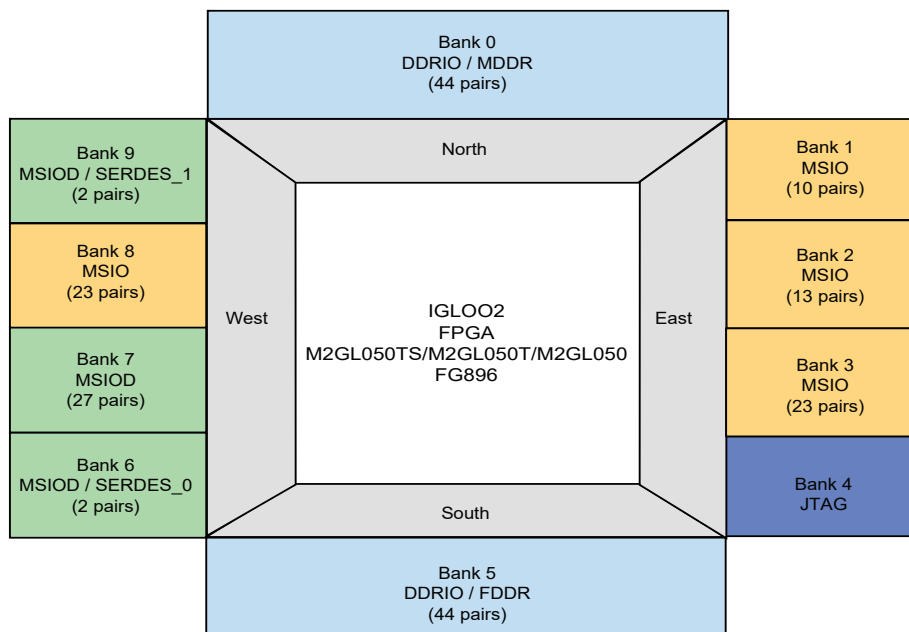
I/Os are grouped on the basis of I/O voltage standard. The grouped I/Os of each voltage standard form an I/O bank. Each I/O bank has dedicated I/O supply and ground voltages. Because of these dedicated supplies, only I/Os with compatible standards can be assigned to the same I/O voltage bank.

Figure 1 • IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FC1152 I/O Bank Locations



Note: For M2GL150-FC1152 device, SERDES blocks are not available in bank 9, 10, 12, and 13.

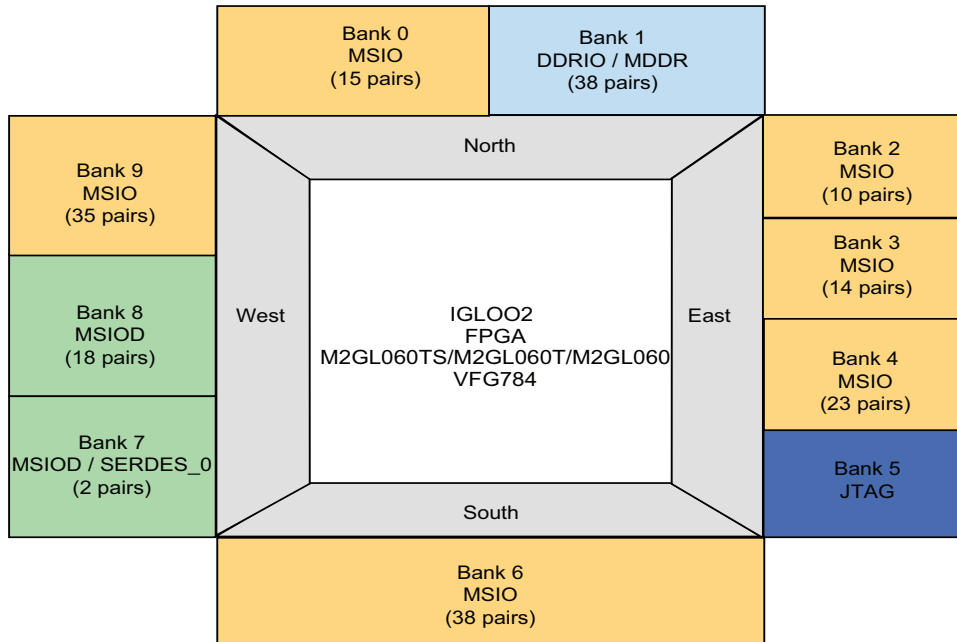
Figure 2 • IGLOO2 M2GL050TS/M2GL050T/M2GL050-FG896 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin H27, MSI46NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.

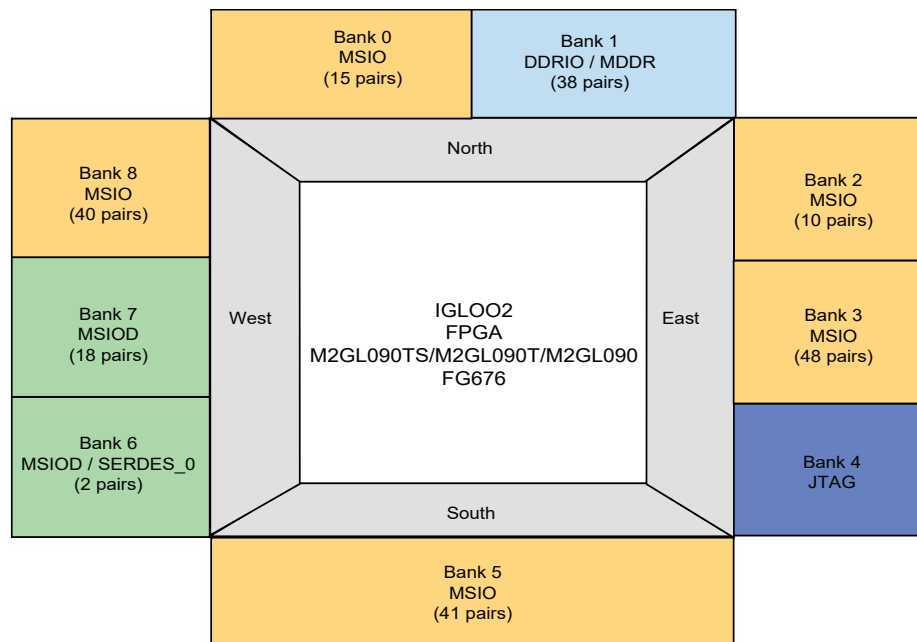
Note: For M2GL050-FG896 device, SERDES blocks are not available in bank 6 and bank 9.

Figure 3 • IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-VFG784 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 2, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin C26 and MSI47NB2 is an input only when used to connect to the FPGA fabric.

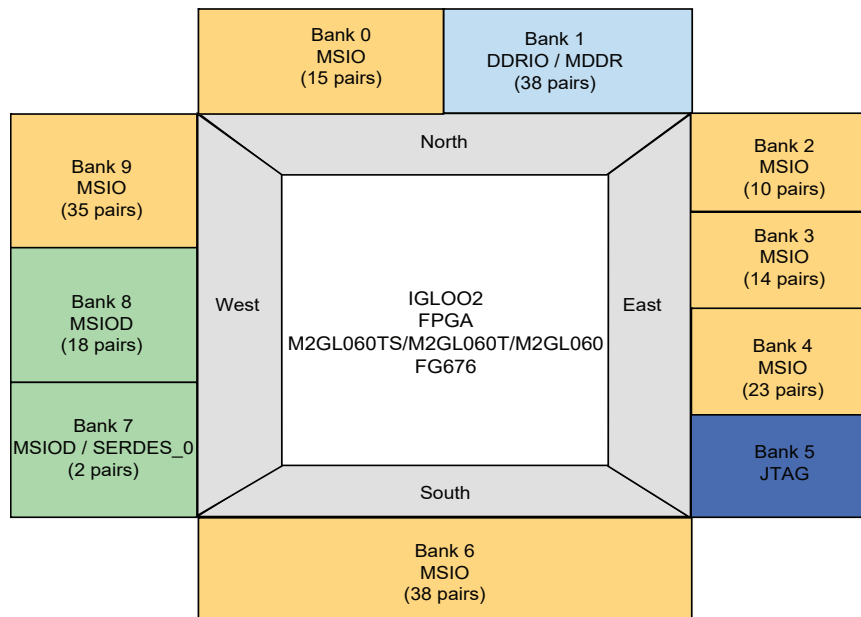
Figure 4 • IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FG676 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 2, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D23, MSI59NB2/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI59NB2 is an input only pin.

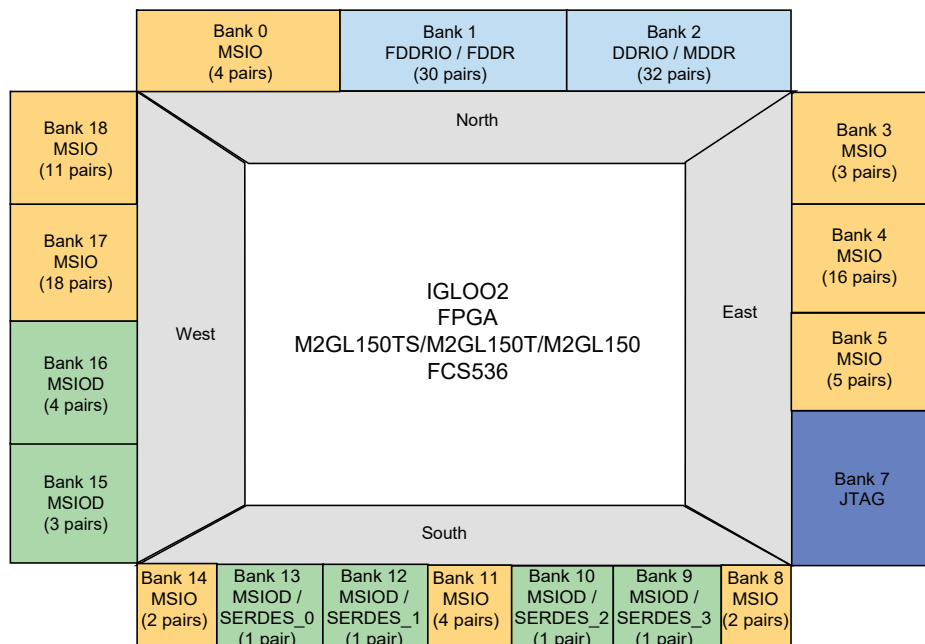
Note: For M2GL090-FG676 device, the SERDES block is not available in bank 6.

Figure 5 • IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/ M2GL060T/M2GL060-FG676 I/O Bank Locations



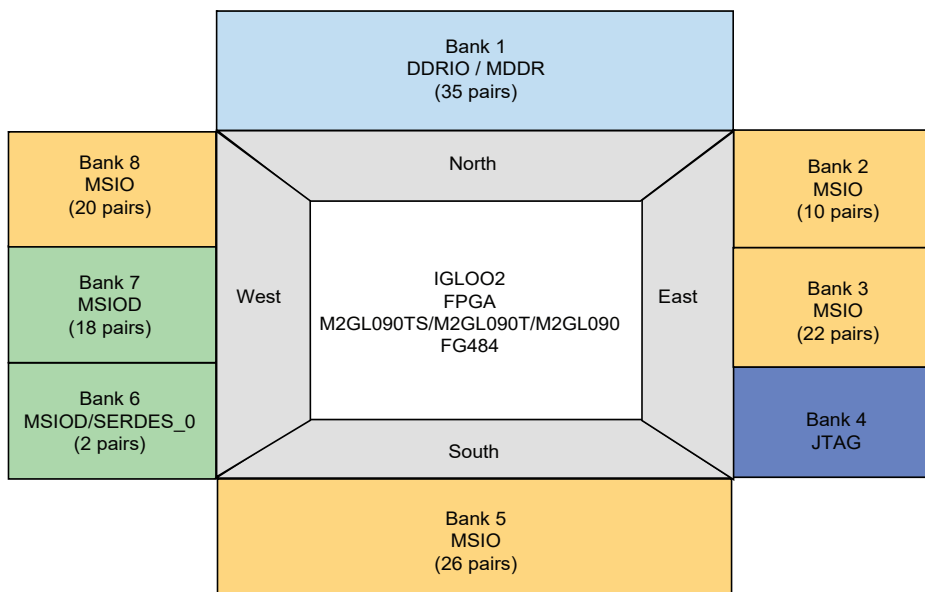
Note: For the M2GL060-FG676 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 7.

Figure 6 • IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FCS536 I/O Bank Locations



Note: For the M2GL150-FCS536 device, SERDES interface is not available in bank 9, 10, 12, and 13.

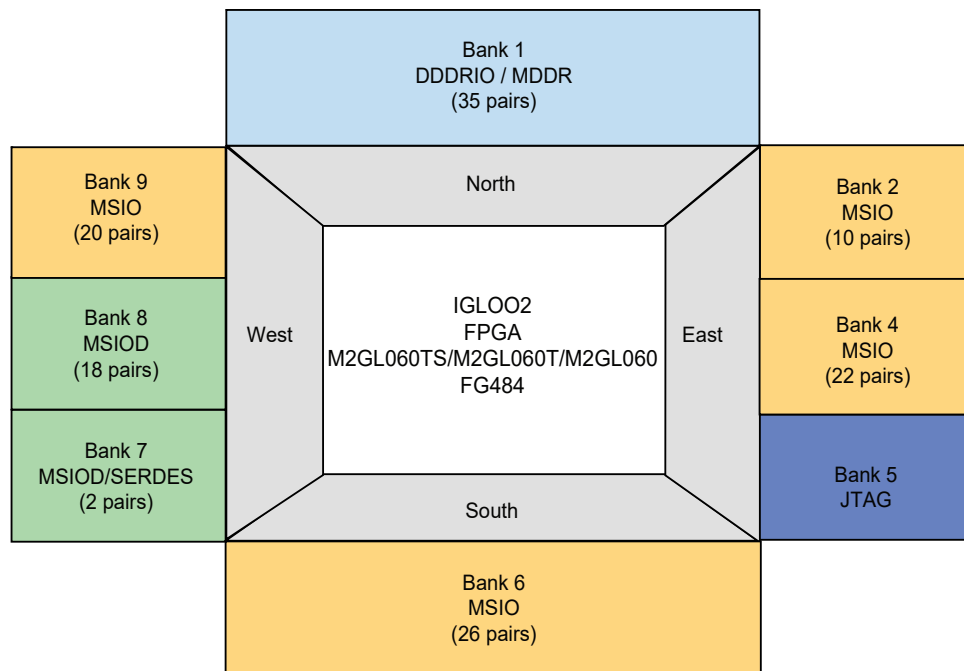
Figure 7 • IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FG484 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 2, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D21, MSI59NB2/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI59NB2 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL090-FG484 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 6.

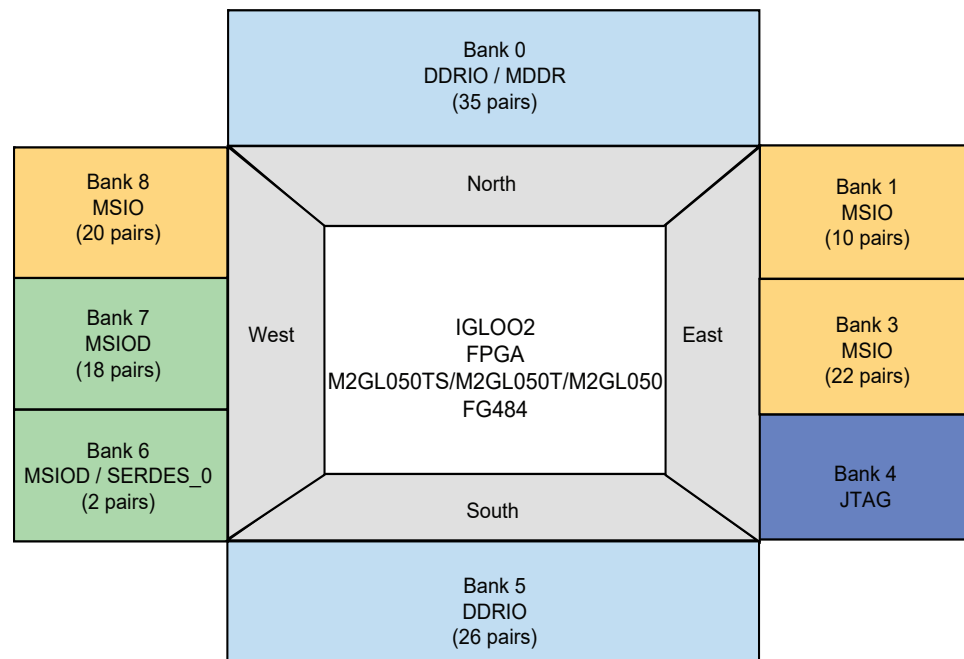
Figure 8 • IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-FG484 I/O Bank Locations



Note: For the M2GL060S-FG484 and M2GL060-FG484 devices, SERDES block is not available in bank 7.

Note: In bank 2, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D21, MSI47NB2/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI47NB2 is an input only pin.

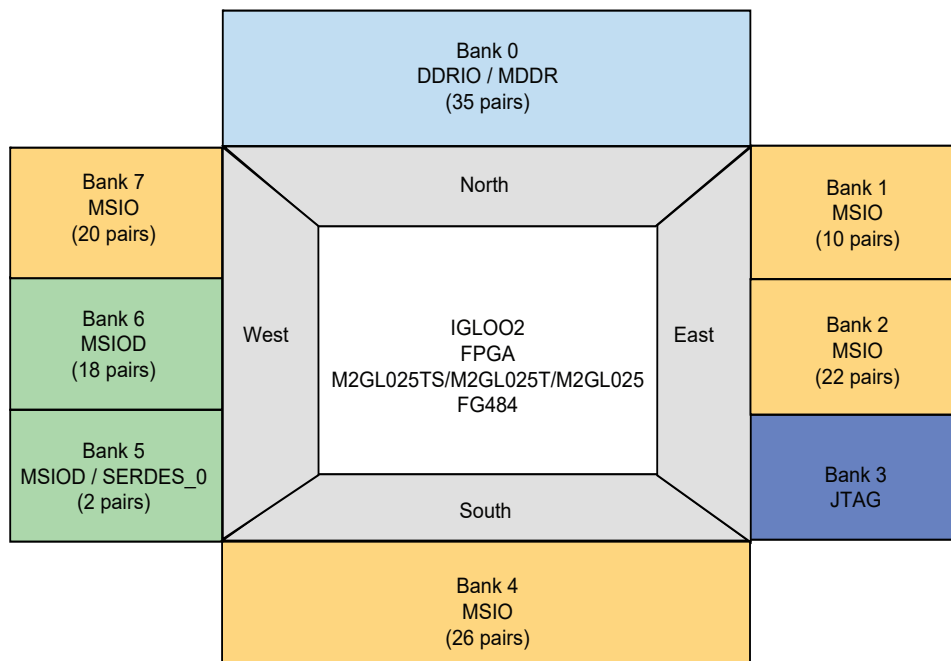
Figure 9 • IGLOO2 M2GL050TS/M2GL050T/M2GL050-FG484 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D21, MSI46NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL050-FG484 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 6.

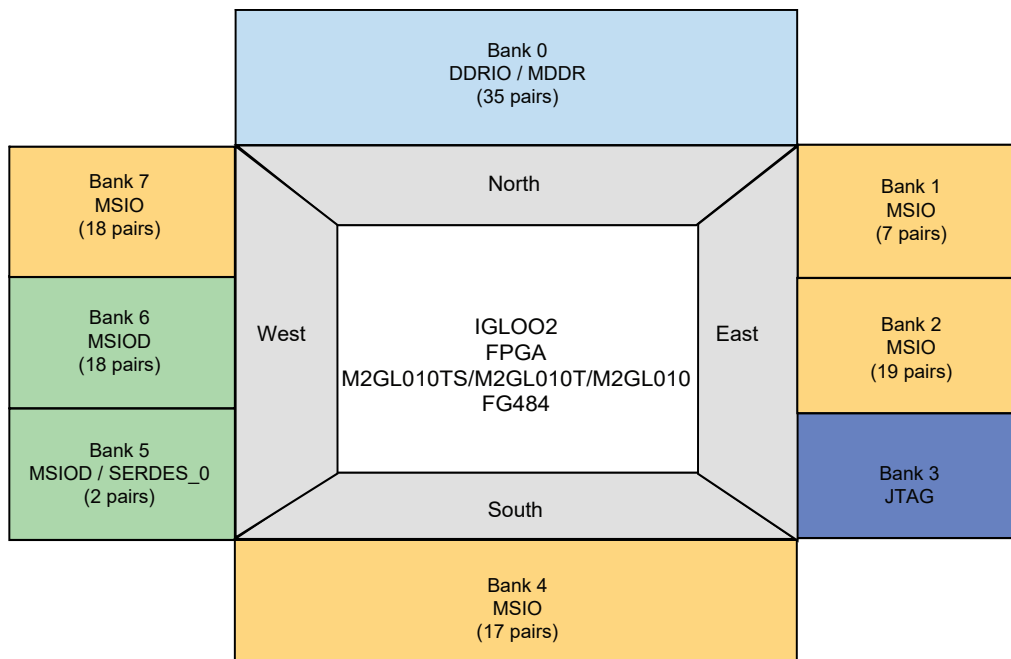
Figure 10 • IGLOO2 M2GL025TS/M2GL025T/M2GL025-FG484 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D21, MSI32NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI32NB1 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL025-FG484 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

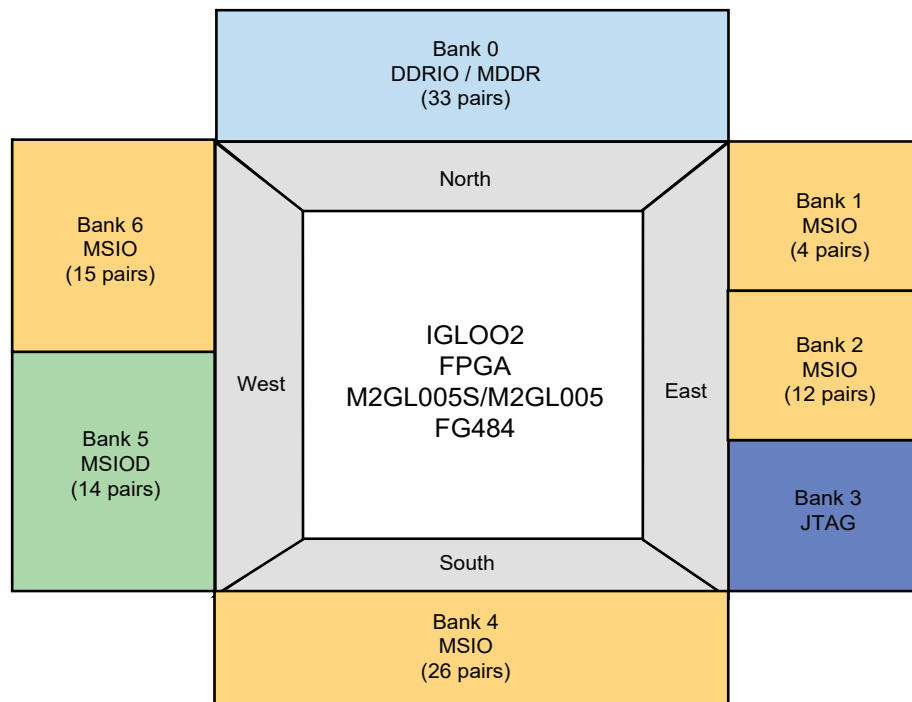
Figure 11 • IGLOO2 M2GL010TS/M2GL010T/M2GL010-FG484 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 15 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D21, MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI32NB1 is an input only pin.

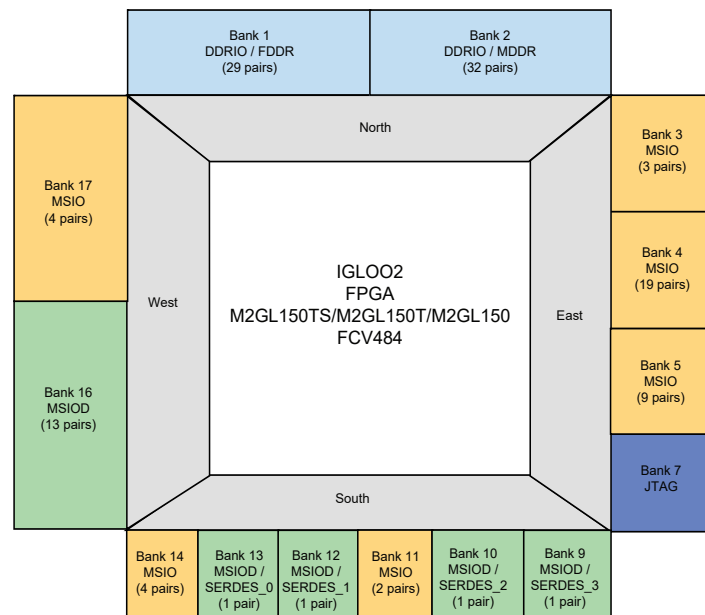
Note: For M2GL010-FG484 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

Figure 12 • IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-FG484 I/O Bank Locations



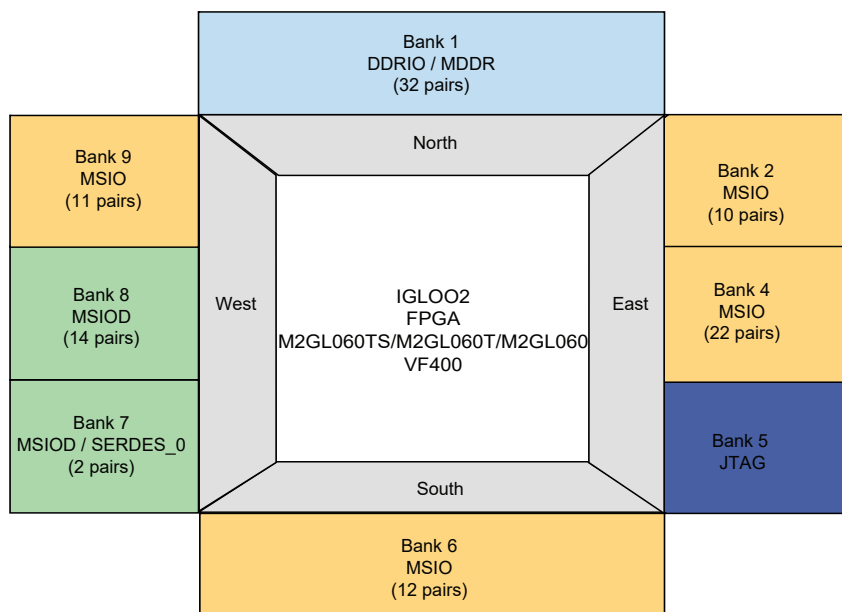
Note: In bank 1, there are 9 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D21, MSI16NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI16NB1 is an input only pin.

Figure 13 • IGLOO2 M2GL150TS/M2GL150T/M2GL150-FCV484 I/O Bank Locations



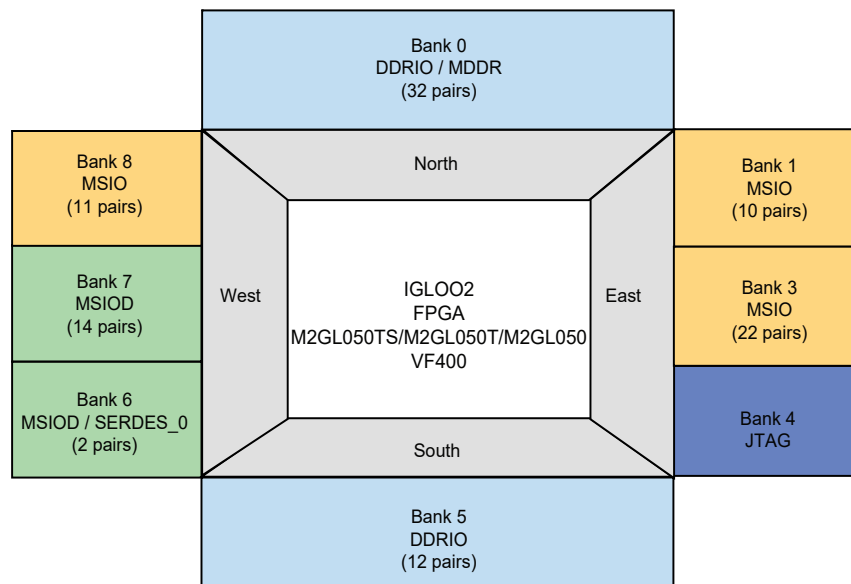
Note: For the M2GL150-FCV484 device, SERDES block is not available in banks 9, 10, 12, and 13.

Figure 14 • IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-VF400 I/O Bank Locations



Note: For the M2GL060-VF400 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 7.

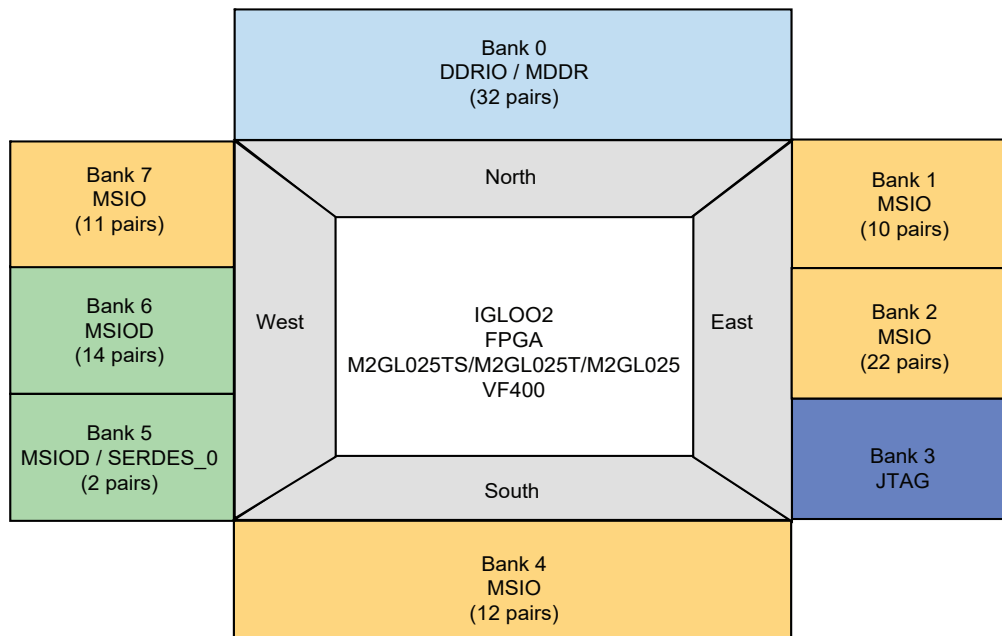
Figure 15 • IGLOO2 M2GL050TS/M2GL050T/M2GL050-VF400 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D18, MSI46NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL050-VF400 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 6.

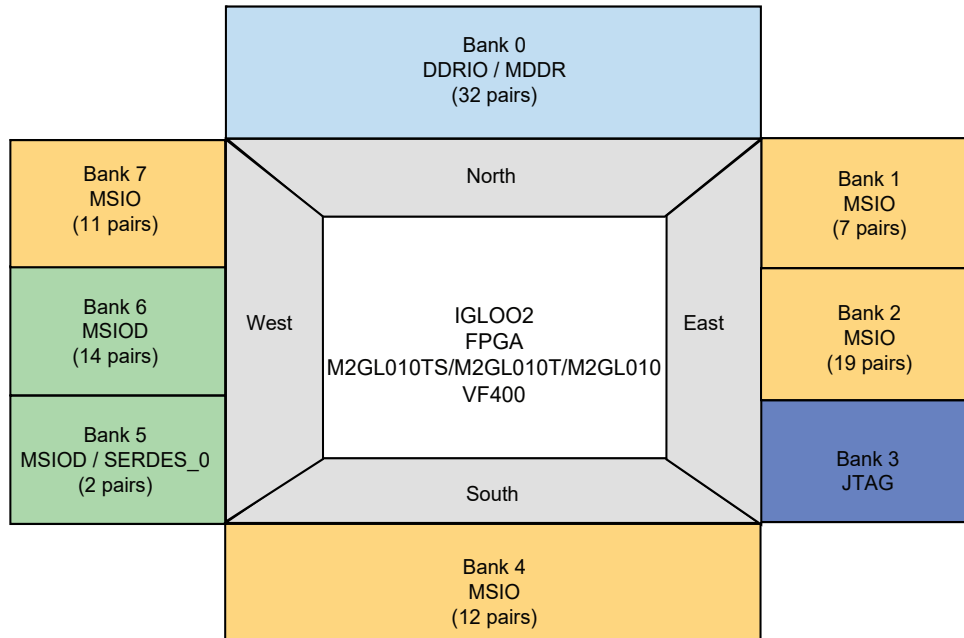
Figure 16 • IGLOO2 M2GL025TS/M2GL025T/M2GL025-VF400 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 21 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D18, MSI32NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI32NB1 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL025-VF400 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

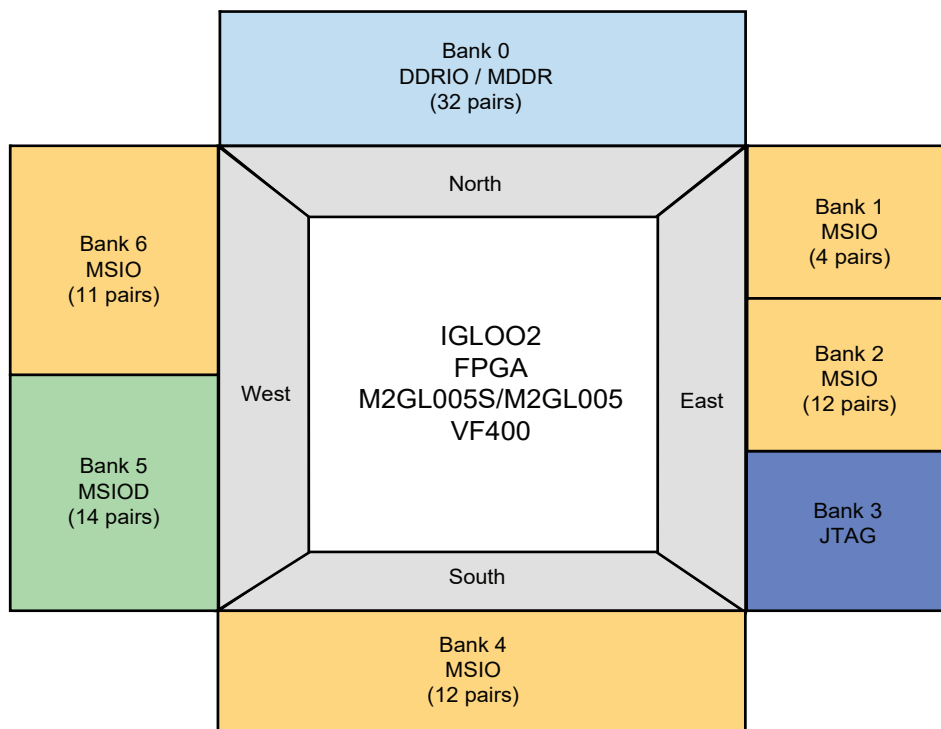
Figure 17 • IGLOO2 M2GL010TS/M2GL010T/M2GL010-VF400 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 15 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D18, MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI26NB1 is an input only pin.

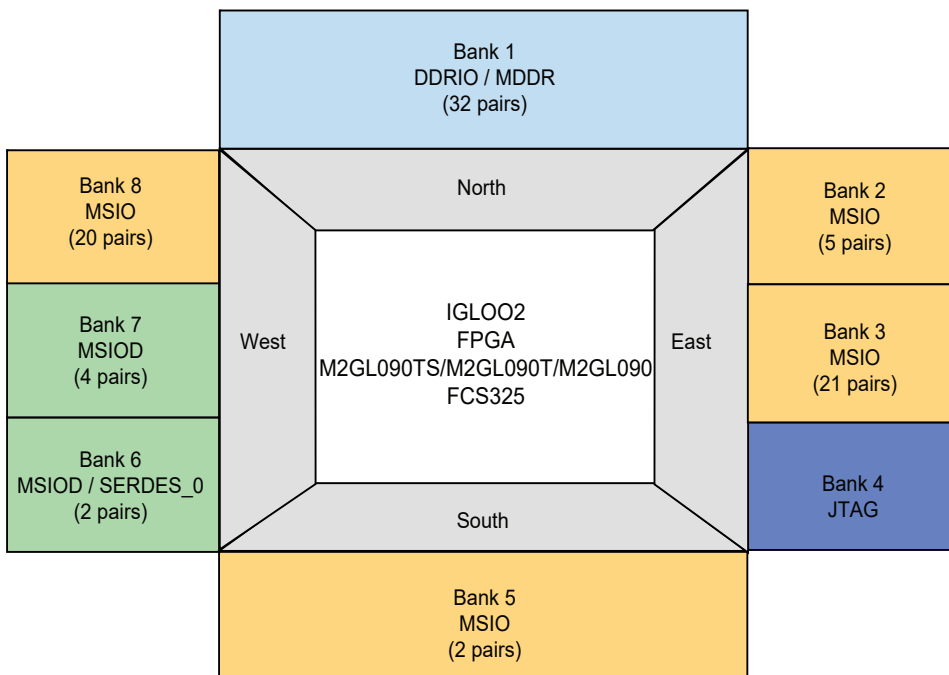
Note: For M2GL010-VF400 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

Figure 18 • IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-VF400 I/O Bank Locations



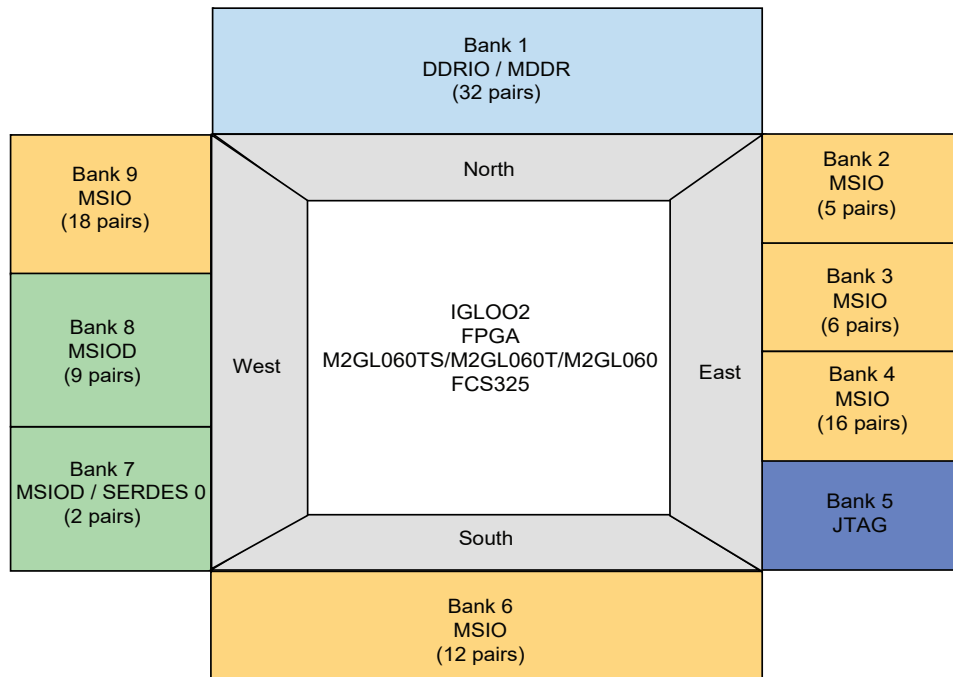
Note: In bank 1, there are 9 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D18, MSI16NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI16NB1 is an input only pin.

Figure 19 • IGLOO2 M2GL090TS/M2GL090T/M2GL090-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations



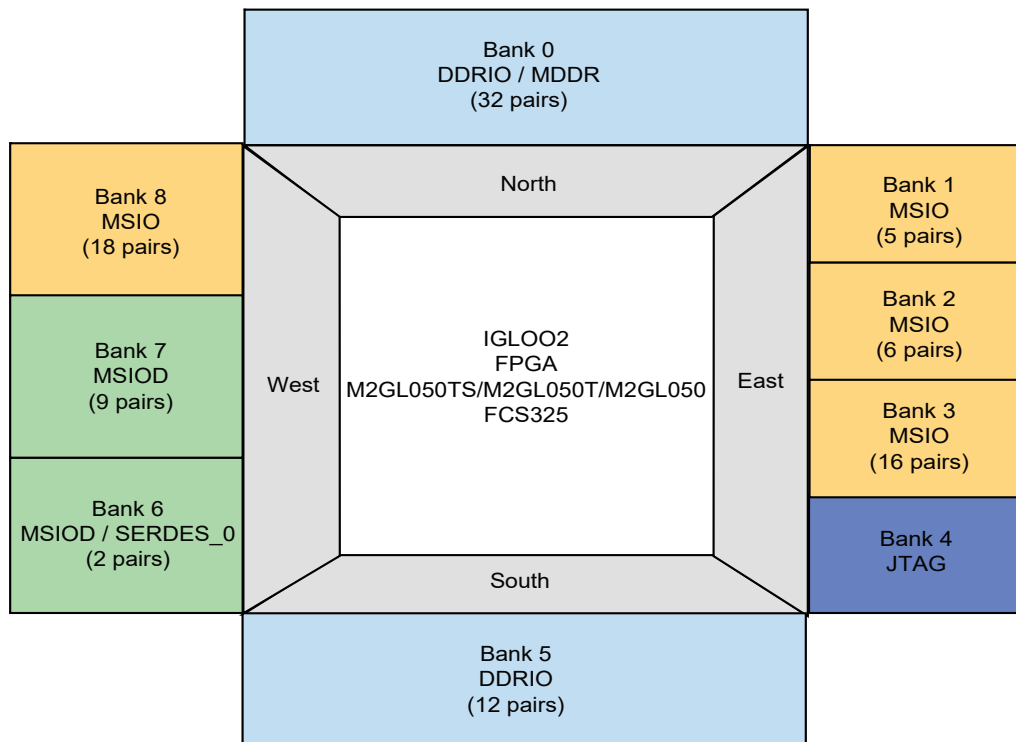
Note: For M2GL090-FCS325 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 6.

Figure 20 • IGLOO2 M2GL060TS/M2GL060T/M2GL060-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations



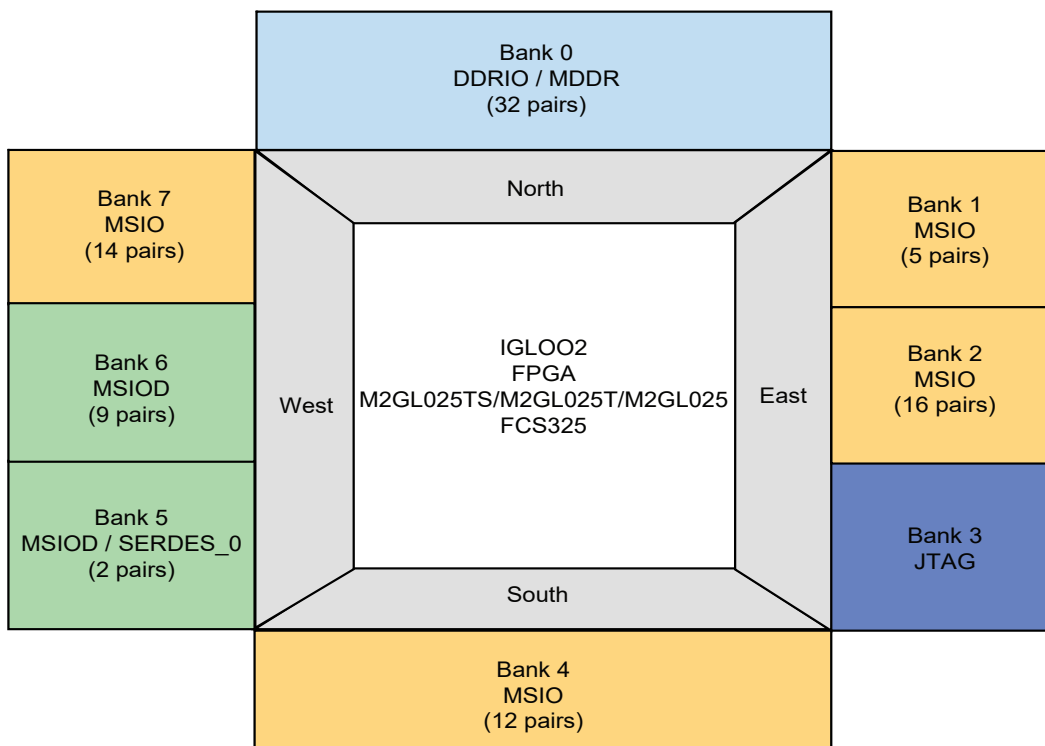
Note: For M2GL060-FCS325 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 7.

Figure 21 • IGLOO2 M2GL050TS/M2GL050T/M2GL050-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations



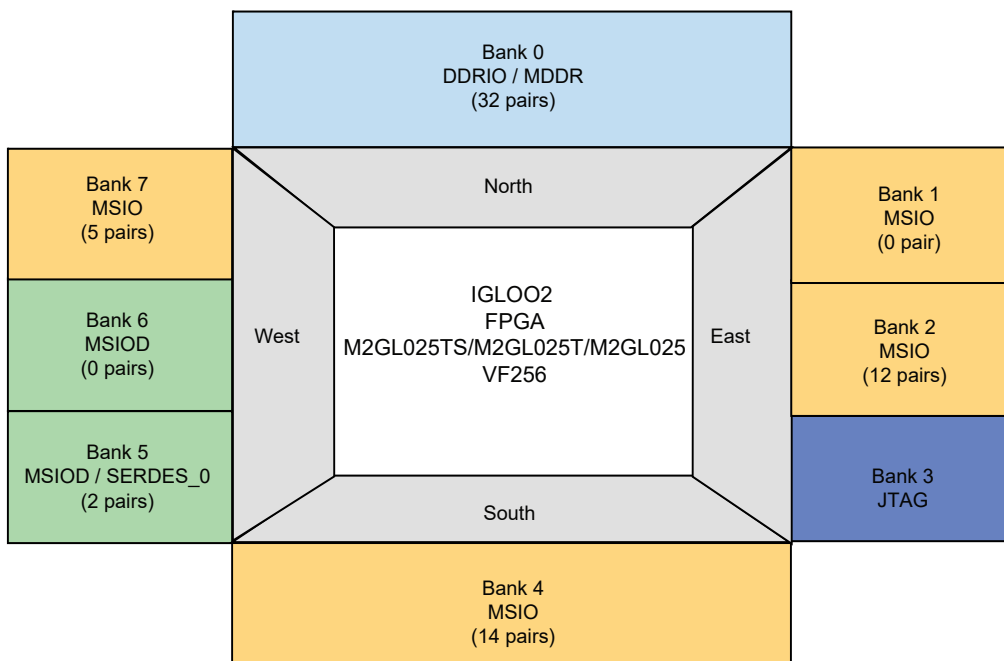
Note: For M2GL050-FCS325 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 6.

Figure 22 • IGLOO2 M2GL025TS/M2GL025T/M2GL025-FCS325 I/O Bank Locations



Note: For M2GL025-FCS325 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

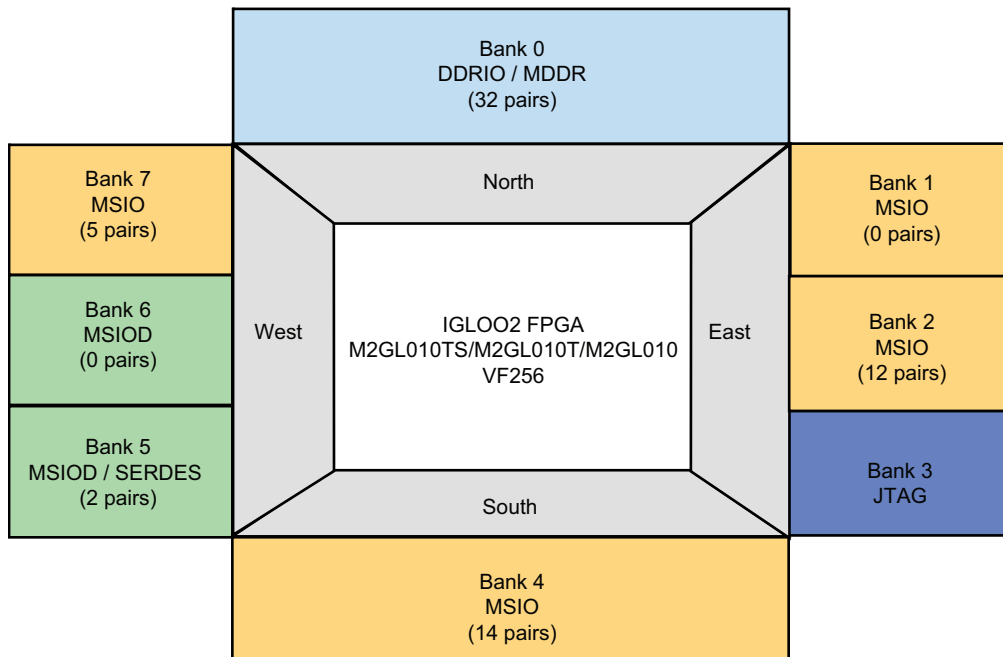
Figure 23 • IGLOO2 M2GL025TS/M2GL025T/M2GL025-VF256 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 4 single-ended user I/Os. Pin G12, MSIO32NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSIO32NB1 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL025-VF256 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

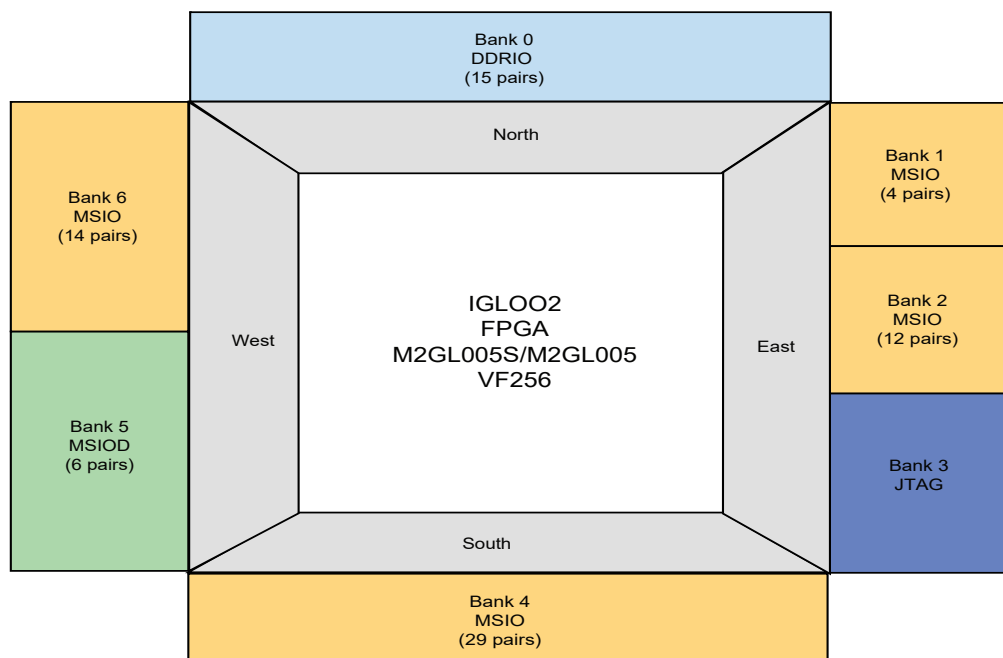
Figure 24 • IGLOO2 M2GL010TS/M2GL010T/M2GL010-VF256 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 4 single-ended user I/Os. Pin G12, MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI26NB1 is an input only pin.

Note: For M2GL010-VF256 device, SERDES block is not available in bank 5.

Figure 25 • IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-VF256 I/O Bank Locations



Note: In bank 1, there are 9 single-ended user I/Os. Pin D12, MSI16NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI16NB1 is an input only pin.

Figure 26 • IGLOO2 M2GL010-TQ144 I/O Bank Locations

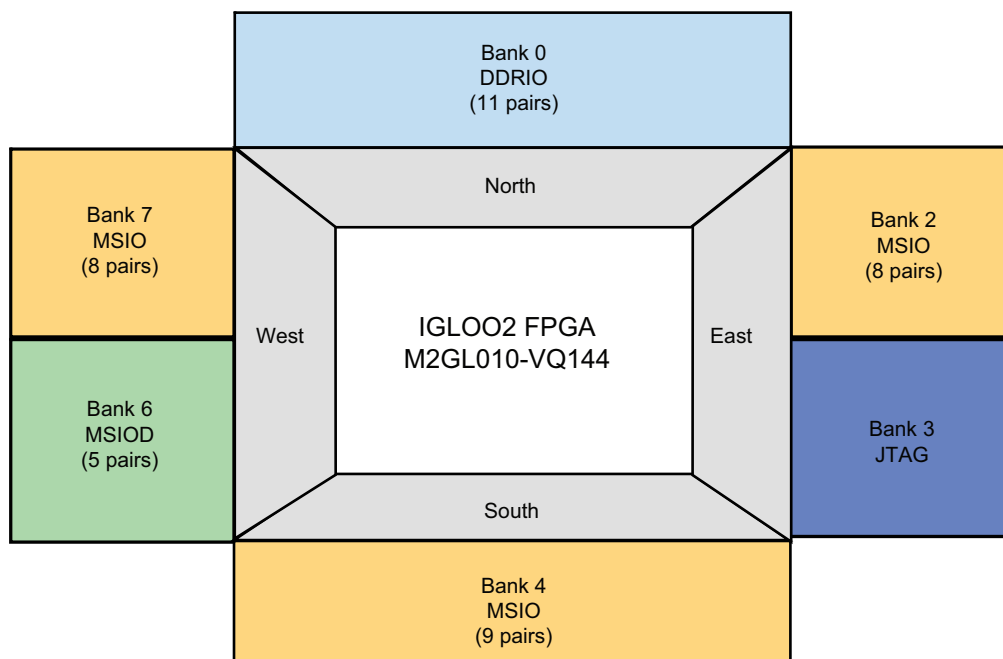


Figure 27 • IGLOO2 M2GL005S/M2GL005-TQ144 I/O Bank Locations

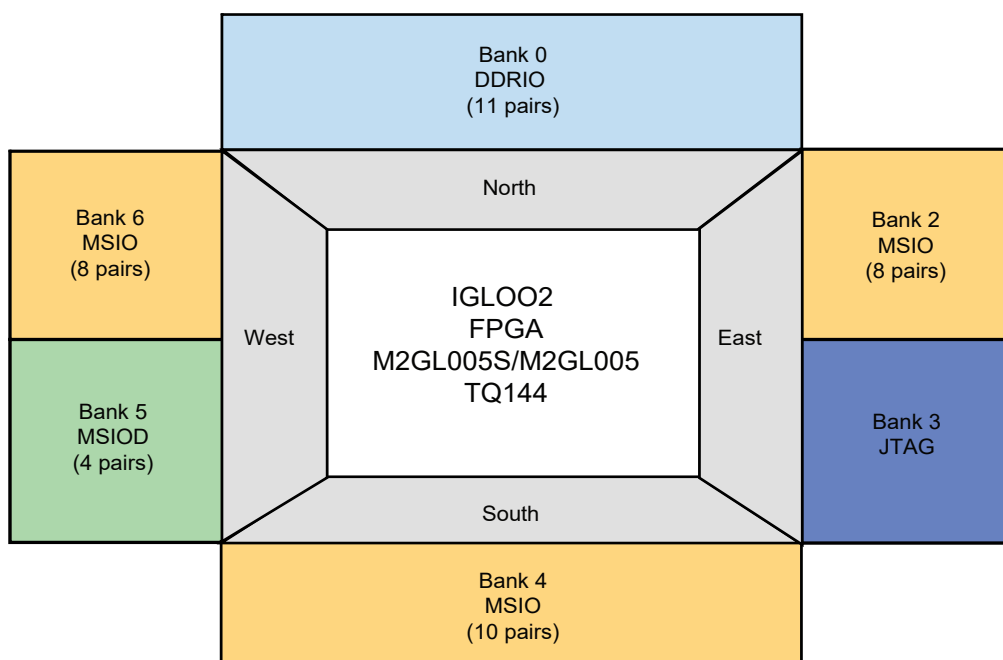


Table 1 • Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - FC1152, FG896, VFG784, FG676, FCS536, FCV484, and FG484

	FC1152	FG896	VFG784	FG676		FCS536	FCV484	FG484					
Bank No.	M2GL150TS M2GL150T M2GL150	M2GL050TS M2GL050T M2GL050	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL090TS M2GL090T M2GL090	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL150TS M2GL150T M2GL150	M2GL150TS M2GL150T M2GL150	M2GL090TS M2GL090T M2GL090	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL050TS M2GL050T M2GL050	M2GL025TS M2GL050T M2GL025	M2GL010TS M2GL010T M2GL010	M2GL005S
Bank 0	MSIO: fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric
Bank 1	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 2	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 3	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric		MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD
Bank 4	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 5	MSIO: fabric	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric
Bank 6	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 7	JTAG/ SWD	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–
Bank 8	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–
Bank 9	MSIOD: SERDES 3 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 1 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 3 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 3 or fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–	–
Bank 10	MSIOD: SERDES 2 or fabric	–	–	–	–	MSIOD: SERDES 2 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 2 or fabric	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 1 • Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - FC1152, FG896, VFG784, FG676, FCS536, FCV484, and FG484 (continued)

	FC1152	FG896	VFG784	FG676		FCS536	FCV484	FG484					
Bank No.	M2GL150TS M2GL150T M2GL150	M2GL050TS M2GL050T M2GL050	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL090TS M2GL090T M2GL090	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL150TS M2GL150T M2GL150	M2GL150TS M2GL150T M2GL150	M2GL090TS M2GL090T M2GL090	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL050TS M2GL050T M2GL050	M2GL025TS M2GL050T M2GL025	M2GL010TS M2GL010T M2GL010	M2GL005S
Bank 11	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 12	MSIOD: SERDES 1 or fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIOD: SERDES 1 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 1 or fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 13	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 14	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 15	MSIOD: fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIOD: fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 16	MSIOD: fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 17	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bank 18	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	MSIO: fabric	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Note: Banks that are shaded should always be powered with the appropriate VDDI bank supplies.

Table 2 • Organization of I/O Banks in IGLOO2 Devices - VF400, FCS325, VF256, and TQ144

	VF400					FCS325				VF256			TQ144	
Bank No.	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL050TS M2GL050T M2GL050	M2GL025TS M2GL025T M2GL025	M2GL010TS M2GL010T M2GL010	M2GL005S	M2GL090TS M2GL090T M2GL090	M2GL060TS M2GL060T M2GL060	M2GL050TS M2GL050T M2GL050	M2GL025TS M2GL025T M2GL025	M2GL025TS M2GL025T M2GL025	M2GL010TS M2GL010T M2GL010	M2GL005S	M2GL010	M2GL005S
Bank 0	–	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	–	–	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: fabric	DDRIO: fabric	DDRIO: fabric
Bank 1	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	DDRIO: MDDR or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	–
Bank 2	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 3		MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD	JTAG/ SWD
Bank 4	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 5	JTAG/ SWD	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	JTAG/ SWD	DDRIO: FDDR or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	–	MSIOD: fabric
Bank 6	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric
Bank 7	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIOD: fabric	MSIOD: SERDES 0 or fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	MSIO: fabric	–
Bank 8	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–	MSIO: fabric	MSIOD: fabric	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bank 9	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–	–	–	MSIO: fabric	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Note: Banks that are shaded should always be powered with the appropriate VDDI bank supplies.

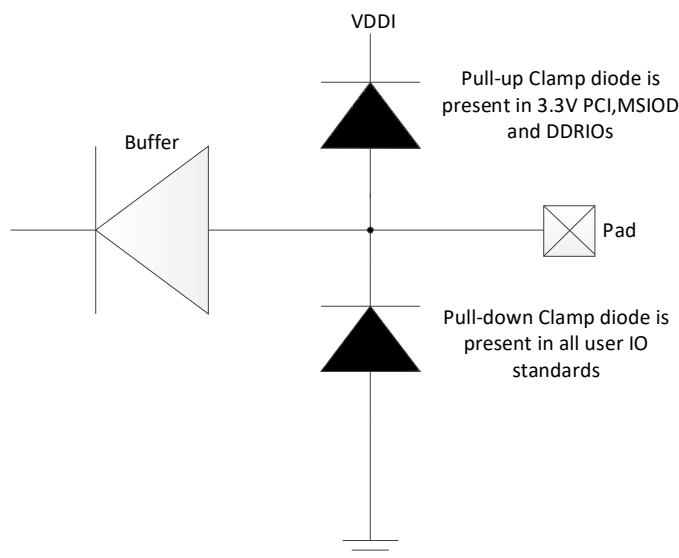
Table 3 • User I/O Types

Name	Type	Description
MSIOxyBz	In/out	MSIOs provide programmable drive strength, weak pull-up, and weak-pull-down. In single-ended mode, the I/O pair operates as two separate I/Os named P and N. IGLOO2 I/O ports also support ESD protection. MSIO I/O cells operate at up to 3.3 V and are capable of high-speed LVDS2V5 and LVDS3V3 operation.
MSIODxyBz	In/out	MSIOD is very similar to MSIO, but drops 3.3 V and hot-plug support and adds pre-emphasis, in order to achieve higher speeds. MSIODs provide programmable drive strength, weak pull-up, and weak pull-down. MSIOD I/O cells operate at up to 2.5 V and are capable of high-speed LVDS2V5 operation. Some of these pins are also multiplexed with the SERDES interface. IGLOO2 I/O ports support ESD protection.
DDRIOxyBz	In/out	The double data input output (DDRIO) is a multi-standard I/O optimized for LPDDR/DDR2/DDR3 performance. In IGLOO2 devices there are two DDR subsystems: the fabric DDR and High Performance Memory Subsystem (HPMS) DDR controllers. All DDRIOs can be configured as differential I/Os ¹ or two single-ended I/Os. If you select MDDR/FDDR, Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) automatically connects MDDR/FDDR signals to the DDRIOs. DDRIOs can be connected to the respective DDR subsystem PHYs or can be used as user I/Os. Depending on the memory configuration, only the required DDRIOs are used by Libero SoC. The unused DDRIOs are available to connect to the fabric.
Note: For more information on I/O status of MSIO, MSIOD and DDRIO pins during power up/down and default conditions, refer to AC396: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 in Hot Swapping and Cold Sparing Application Note .		

1. LVDS, RSDS, mini LVDS, BUSLVDS, MLVDS, and SUBLVDS are not supported with DDRIOs.

All user IOs have internal clamp diode control circuitry. A pull-up clamp diode must not be present in the I/O circuitry if the hot-swap feature is used. The 3.3 V PCI standard requires a pull-up clamp diode on the I/O, so it cannot be selected if hot-swap capability is required.

Figure 28 • Internal Clamp Diode Control Circuitry



2.3 Naming Conventions

2.3.1 User I/O Naming Conventions

The naming convention used for each FPGA user I/O is **IOxyBz**, where:

IO is the type of I/O—MSIO, MSIOD, or DDRIO.

x refers the I/O pair number in bank **z**.

y is P (positive) or N (negative). In single-ended mode, the I/O pair operates as two separate I/Os named P and N. Differential mode is implemented with a fixed I/O pair and cannot be split with an adjacent I/O.

B is bank.

z refers to bank number (0–9 for M2GL050-FG896).

Differential standards are implemented as true differential outputs and complementary single-ended outputs for SSTL/HSTL. In the single-ended mode, the I/O pair operates as two separate I/Os named P and N. All the configuration and data inputs/outputs are then separate and use names ending in P and N to differentiate between the two I/Os.

For more information, refer to the "I/Os" chapter of the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

2.3.2 Dedicated Global I/O Naming Conventions

Dedicated global I/Os are dual-use I/Os which can drive the global blocks either directly or through clock conditioning circuits (CCC) or virtual clock conditioning circuits (VCCC). They can also be used as regular user I/Os. These global I/Os are the primary source for bringing in the external clock inputs into the IGLOO2 device.

In the M2GL050T-FG896 device, there are 16 global blocks located in the center of the fabric and 32 global I/Os located 8 each on the north, east, south, and west sides of the fabric. There are 6 CCC blocks, located 2 each on northwest, northeast, and southwest side of the fabric and 2 VCCC blocks on the southeast side of the fabric.

Dedicated global I/Os that drive the global blocks (GB) directly are named as **GBn**, where

n is 0 to 15.

Dedicated global I/Os that drive GBs through CCCs are named as **CCC_xyz_CLKlw**, where:

xy is the location—NE, SW, or NW.

z is 0 or 1.

l represents input clock

w refers to one of the four possible output clocks of the associated CCC_xyz—GL0, GL1, GL2, or GL3.

Dedicated global I/Os that drive GBs through VCCCs are named as **VCCC_SEz**, where:

SE is southeast.

z is 0 or 1.

Unused dedicated global I/Os behave similarly to unused regular User I/Os (MSIO, MSIOD, DDRIO).

Libero configures unused User I/Os as input buffer disabled, output buffer tristated with weak pull-up.

For further details, refer to the "Fabric Global Routing Resources" chapter of the [UG0449: SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA and IGLOO2 FPGA Clocking Resources User Guide](#).

2.3.3 Multi-Function I/Os

Certain I/Os can have more than one function. Users select the functionality through Libero configuration tools.

The name of a pin shows the functionalities for which that pin can be configured and used.

Example pin name: **MSIO48NB1/I2C_0_SCL/GPIO_31_B/USB_DATA1_C**

This I/O port is multi-purpose and can be configured as MSIO, I2C0 clock, fabric I/O, or USB_DATA1_C.

2.4 MDDR/FDDR Interface

IGLOO2 devices have MDDR/FDDR blocks. The DDR subsystems are hardened ASIC blocks for interfacing the LPDDR, DDR2, and DDR3 memories. It supports 8-/16-/32-bit data bus width modes. The DDRIO uses fixed impedance calibration for different drive strengths. These values can be programmed using Libero SoC software for the selected I/O standard. The values are fed to the pull-up/pull-down reference network to match the impedance with an external resistor. For more information about reference resistor values (for different drive modes), refer to the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

2.4.1 DDR Controller Pins

The following table lists the DDR Controller pins.

Table 4 • DDR Controller Pins¹

Pin Name	Type	Reference Resistor (Ω)
xDDR_CAS_N	Output	DRAM CASN.
xDDR_CKE	Output	DRAM Clock enable.
xDDR_CLK	Output	DRAM single-ended clock for differential pads.
xDDR_CLK_N	Output	DRAM single-ended clock for differential pads.
xDDR_CS_N	Output	DRAM Chip select.
xDDR_ODT	Output	DRAM on-die termination (ODT). 0: Termination Off 1: Termination On
xDDR_RAS_N	Output	DRAM RASN.
xDDR_RESET_N	Output	DRAM reset for DDR3.
xDDR_WE_N	Output	DRAM Write enable
xDDR_ADDR[15:0]	Output	DRAM address bits.
xDDR_BA[2:0]	Output	DRAM bank address.
xDDR_DM_RDQS[3:0]	Input/Output	DRAM data mask from bidirectional pads.
xDDR_DQS[3:0]	Input/Output	DRAM single-ended data strobe output for bidirectional pads.
xDDR_DQS[3:0]_N	Input/Output	DRAM single-ended data strobe output for bidirectional pads.
xDDR_DQ[31:0]	Input/Output	DRAM data input or output for bidirectional pads.
xDDR_DQ_ECC[3:0]	Input/Output	DRAM data input or output for SECCDED.
xDDR_DM_RDQS_ECC	Input/Output	DRAM single-ended data strobe output for bidirectional pads.
xDDR_DQS_ECC	Input/Output	DRAM single-ended data strobe output for bidirectional pads.
xDDR_DQS_ECC_N	Input/Output	DRAM data input or output for bidirectional pads.
xDDR_TMATCH_[0/1]_IN	Input	DQS enable input for timing match between DQS and system clock. For simulations, tie to xDDR_TMATCH_[0/1]_OUT.

Table 4 • DDR Controller Pins¹ (continued)

xDDR_TMATCH_[0/1]_OUT	Output	DQS enable output for timing match between DQS and system clock. For simulations, tie to xDDR_TMATCH_[0/1]_IN.
xDDR_TMATCH_ECC_IN	Input	DQS enable input for timing match between DQS and system clock. For simulations, tie to xDDR_TMATCH_ECC_OUT.
xDDR_TMATCH_ECC_OUT	Output	DQS enable output for timing match between DQS and system clock. For simulations, tie to xDDR_TMATCH_ECC_IN.
xDDR_IMP_CALIB	Ref	Pull-down with resistor depending on voltage/standard: DDR2 - 150 Ω DDR3 (1.5 V) - 240 Ω LPDDR - 150 Ω

1. Though calibration is not required, it is recommended to use corresponding resistor placeholder to connect the xDDR_IMP_CALIB to the ground with or without a resistor. x represents Fabric or MSS DDR.

For more information about DDR memory calibration, refer to the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

For DDR termination details refer [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.4.2 I/O Standards

The following table lists the supported I/O standards for different DDR memories.

Table 5 • Supported I/O Standards for Different DDR Memories

Memory Type	I/O Standard
DDR3	SSTL15I, SSTL15II
DDR2	SSTL18I, SSTL18II
LPDDR	LVC MOS18

2.5 Supply Pins

IGLOO2 devices support multi-standard I/Os (MSIOs), MSIODs, double data rate I/Os (DDRIOs), high performance memory subsystem (HPMS), high speed serial interfaces, and a debugging JTAG interface. IGLOO2 devices require the power supplies listed in the following table.

Table 6 • Supply Pins

Name	Type	Description
VDD	Supply	DC core supply voltage. Must always power this pin.
VPP	Supply ¹	Power supply for charge pumps (for normal operation and programming). Must always power this pin.
VPPNVM	Supply ¹	Analog sense circuit supply of embedded nonvolatile memory (eNVM). Must be shorted to VPP.
VDDIx	Bank power supplies ²	VDDIx, Bank x power
VREFx	Supply ³	Reference voltage for MDDR/FDDR signals which is powered through the corresponding Bank Supply (VDDIx). When unused , VREFx can be DNC or grounded (VSS).

Table 6 • Supply Pins (continued)

Name	Type	Description
CCC_NE0_PLL_VDDA	PLL power supplies ⁴	Analog power pad for PLL0
CCC_NE1_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL1
CCC_NW0_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL2
CCC_NW1_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL3
CCC_SW0_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL4
CCC_SW1_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL5
MSS_MDDR_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL of MDDR and MSS
FDDR_PLL_VDDA		Analog power pad for PLL of FDDR
SERDES_x_VDD	SERDESx power supplies ⁵	It is a +1.2 V supply and for few devices SERDES_x_VDD is internally shorted to core VDD. For example, M2S150-FCV484 device.
SERDES_x_L01_VDDAIO		Tx/Rx analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for Lane0 and Lane1 of SERDESIFx, located on the left side. It is a +1.2 V SERDES PMA supply.
SERDES_x_L23_VDDAIO		Tx/Rx analog I/O voltage. Low voltage power for Lane2 and Lane3 of SERDESIFx, located on the right side. It is a +1.2 V SERDES PMA supply.
SERDES_x_L01_VDDAPLL		Analog power for SERDESx PLL of Lane0 and Lane1. In used condition, it must be connected to +2.5 V. In unused condition, it can be connected to either +2.5 V or VDD (1.2 V).
SERDES_x_L23_VDDAPLL		Analog power for SERDESx PLL of Lane2 and Lane3. In used condition, it must be connected to +2.5 V. In unused condition, it can be connected to either +2.5 V or VDD (1.2 V).
SERDES_x_L01_REFRET		Local on-chip ground return path for SERDES_x_L01_VDDAPLL for Lane0 and Lane1 of SERDESIF0, located on the left side. If unused, it must be grounded (VSS).
SERDES_x_L23_REFRET		Local on-chip ground return path for SERDES_x_L23_VDDAPLL for Lane2 and Lane3 of SERDESIF0, located on the right side. If unused, it must be grounded (VSS).
SERDES_x_PLL_VDDA		High supply voltage for PLL SERDESx. It can be +2.5 V or +3.3 V.
SERDES_x_PLL_VSSA		VDDA to on-die VSSA high pass filter connection for PLL SERDESx. If unused, it must be grounded (VSS).
CCC_NE0_PLL_VSSA	PLL return paths ⁶	Return path for corresponding analog PLL VDDA supply. High frequency noise should be eliminated by placing the R-C filter circuitry in between VDDA and VSSA pins.
CCC_NE1_PLL_VSSA		
CCC_NW0_PLL_VSSA		
CCC_NW1_PLL_VSSA		
CCC_SW0_PLL_VSSA		
CCC_SW1_PLL_VSSA		
MSS_MDDR_PLL_VSSA		
FDDR_PLL_VSSA		Analog ground pad for PLL of FDDR
VSS	Ground	Ground pad for core and I/Os. Must always connect to ground.
VSSNVM		Analog sense circuit ground of eNVM. Must always connect to ground.

1. Lower pin count packages. The VPPNVM and VSSNVM pins are internal shorted to VPP and VSS, respectively and are not bonded out of silicon, for example, M2GL150TS. For more information about VPP and VPPNVM power supplies, refer to Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions of the *IGLOO 2 FPGA and SmartFusion® 2 SoC FPGA Datasheet*.
2. For details on bank power supplies, refer to the "Recommendation for Unused Bank Supplies" table in the *AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs*. For more details on user I/O pins (MSIO, MSIOD, DDRIO) and supported voltage standards, refer to the Supported Voltage Standards table in the *UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide*.
3. Reference voltages should be powered with the appropriate bank supplies through voltage divider circuitry. If I/O banks are being used as single-ended I/Os (and MDDR or FDDR functionalities are not being used), then VREFx can be left floating (DNC) even though the VDDIx powered to the corresponding supplies.
4. If used as PLL, the supply must be connected over resistor and capacitors (filter circuitry) to a common PLL supply (2.5 V or 3.3 V) to the corresponding on-board PLL return path. If PLL is unused or used as divider, the supply must connect directly to either 2.5 V or 3.3 V (without filter circuitry). Libero does not allow setting of 2.5 V and 3.3 V PLL supply for different kinds of PLL. Use either 2.5 V or 3.3 V PLL supply for all the PLL in the board as per the setting used in the Libero.
5. If used, all SERDES PLL pins must be powered through resistor and capacitors (filter circuitry) to the correct appropriate supply to the corresponding on-board return path. If unused must connect directly to the appropriate supplies (without filter circuitry).
6. If used, all CCC PLL pins must be powered through resistor and capacitors (filter circuitry) to the appropriate supply to the corresponding on-board return path on-board. If unused must connect directly to the Ground (without filter circuitry).

Note: For M2S090T(S), M2GL090T(S), M2S150T(S), and M2GL150T(S) devices, the VPP and VPPNVM must be connected to a 3.3 V supply.

2.5.1 Additional Notes on Supply Pins

- As an alternative to leaving unused positive and ground level supplies floating (not connected, open), they can be shorted to VSS on-board. This could be considered a better practice in avionics, so that floating supplies do not pick up charge from radiation.
- For on-board connectivity solutions, refer to the *AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs*.

2.6 JTAG Pins

JTAG pins can operate at any voltage—1.2 V / 1.5 V / 1.8 V / 2.5 V / 3.3 V (nominal). The debug port is implemented using a serial wire JTAG debug port (SWJ-DP) rather than a serial wire debug port (SW-DP). This enables either the M3 JTAG or the SW protocol to be used for debugging.

Table 7 • JTAG Pin Names and Descriptions

Name	Type	Bus Size	Description	Unused Conditions
JTAGSEL	Input	1	JTAG controller selection. If JTAGSEL is pulled High, an external TAP controller connects to the JTAG interface—system controller TAP. If JTAGSEL is pulled Low, an external TAP controller connects to either the Cortex-M3 JTAG TAP (if debug is enabled) or an auxiliary TAP (if debug is disabled).	Pull-up to VDDI (JTAG bank) through a 1 K Ω resistor.
JTAG_TCK/ M3_TCK	Input	1	Test clock. Serial input for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG. The TCK pin does not have an internal pull-up/pull-down resistor. If JTAG is not used, we recommend tying it off. Connect TCK through the 1 K Ω resistor to GND or +3.3 V through a resistor placed close to the FPGA pin.	Connect to either VDDI# (JTAG) or VSS through a 200 K Ω to 1 K Ω resistor.
JTAG_TDI/ M3_TDI	Input	1	Test data. Serial input for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG usage. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TDI pin.	Do not connect (DNC)

Table 7 • JTAG Pin Names and Descriptions (continued)

Name	Type	Bus Size	Description	Unused Conditions
JTAG_TDO/ M3_TDO/ M3_SWO	Output	1	Test data. Serial output for JTAG boundary scan, ISP, and UJTAG usage. The TDO pin does not have an internal pull-up/-down resistor. M3_SWO: Serial Wire Viewer output	DNC
JTAG_TMS/ M3_TMS/ M3_SWDIO	Input	1	Test mode select. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TMS pin. M3_SWDIO: Serial Wire Debug data input/output	DNC
JTAG_TRSTB/ M3_TRSTB	Input	1	Boundary scan reset pin. The TRSTB pin functions as an active low input to asynchronously initialize (or reset) the boundary scan circuitry. There is an internal weak pull-up resistor on the TRSTB pin. In critical applications, an upset in the JTAG circuit could allow entering an undesired JTAG state. In such cases, Microsemi recommends that you tie off TRSTB to GND through a resistor (1 k) placed close to the FPGA pin.	DNC or pull-down to VSS through a 1 K Ω resistor for upset immunity.

2.7 Programming SPI

The system controller contains a dedicated SPI block for programming. The SPI is operated in Target mode. In Initiator mode, the IGLOO2 device is interfaced with an external SPI flash device and the programming data is downloaded from it to the FPGA. In Target mode, it is communicated with a remote device that initiates download of the programming data to the FPGA. SC_SPI interface can not be used to program the device in Initiator mode except for M2GL050. SC_SPI work in Initiator and target mode for M2GL050 device. SC_SPI can be configured only in Target mode. SPI_0 is used in SPI initiator mode.

Table 8 • Programming SPI Interface

Name	Type	Description	Unused Conditions
SC_SPI_SS	Output	SPI target select	DNC
SC_SPI_SDO	Output	SPI data output	DNC
SC_SPI_SDI	Input	SPI data input	DNC
SC_SPI_CLK	Output	SPI clock	DNC
FLASH_GOLDEN_N	Input	If pulled Low, this indicates that the device is to be re-programmed from an image in the external SPI flash attached to the SPI interface. If pulled High, the SPI is put into target mode. Add an external pull-up resistor value of 10 k Ω to VDDI (Bank).	Pull-up to VDDI# through a 10 K Ω resistor.

Note: If unused, SPI programming pins must be left floating.

Note: For more details related to reset, clock, and programming, refer to the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

Note: For more information on remaining programming modes, refer to the [UG0451: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 Programming User Guide](#).

2.8 Dedicated I/Os

Dedicated I/Os (Table 9, page 28 and Table 10, page 29) can be used for a single purpose such as SERDES, device reset, or clock functions. IGLOO2 dedicated I/Os:

- Device reset pins
- Crystal oscillator pins
- SERDES I/Os
- Programming SPI pins

Table 9 • Device Reset and Crystal Oscillator Pin Types and Descriptions

Pin	Type	Description	Unused Conditions
Device Reset I/Os			
DEVRST_N	Input	Device reset; active Low and powered by VPP. It is an asynchronous signal and Schmitt trigger input with the maximum slew rate must not exceed 1 μ s. When DEVRST_N is asserted, all user I/Os are fully tri-stated. In unused condition, pull up to VPP through 10 k Ω resistor. Use the 3.3 V I/O standards specification. Any of the 3.3 V I/O standards like LVTTTL/LVCMOS is applicable for DEVRST.	Pull-up to VPP through a 10 K Ω resistor.
Crystal Oscillator I/Os^{1, 2}			
XTLOSC_[MAIN/AUX]_EXTAL	Input	Crystal connection or external RC network.	DNC. Nominal 50 K Ω internal weak pull-up to VPP.
XTLOSC_[MAIN/AUX]_XTAL	Input	Input clock from the main/auxiliary crystal oscillator	

1. The M2GL050 device has only a main crystal oscillator.
2. Crystal oscillator pins have a nominal 50 k Ω internal weak pull-ups to VPP. If unused, those pins can be left floating (DNC). The pins should not be grounded (VSS).

2.9 SERDES I/Os

The SERDES I/Os available in IGLOO2 devices are dedicated for high speed serial communication protocols. The SERDES I/Os support protocols such as PCI Express 2.0, XAUI, serial gigabit media independent interface (SGMII), serial rapid IO (SRIO), and any user-defined high speed serial protocol implementation in fabric. Refer to the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#) for further information.

Table 10 • SERDES I/O Port Names and Descriptions

Port Name	Type	Description	Unused Conditions
Data / Reference Pads			
SERDES_x_RXD[0:3]_P SERDES_x_RXD[0:3]_N	Input	Receive data. SERDES differential input for each lane. Each SERDESIF consists of 4 RX signals. Here x = 0 for SERDESIF_0 and x = 1 for SERDESIF_1.	Pull-down to VSS through a 10 kΩ resistor. This is to improve latch-up immunity.
SERDES_x_TXD[0:3]_P SERDES_x_TXD[0:3]_N	Output	Transmit data. SERDES differential output for each lane. Each SERDESIF consists of 4 TX signals. Here x = 0 for SERDESIF_0 and x = 1 for SERDESIF_1.	DNC
Common I/O Pads per SERDES Interface			
SERDES_x_L01_REXT SERDES_x_L23_REXT	Reference	External reference resistor connection to calibrate TX/RX termination value. Each SERDESIF consists of 2 REXT signals—one for Lane0 and Lane1, and another for Lane2 and Lane3. Here x = 0 for SERDESIF_0 and x = 1 for SERDESIF_1.	DNC DNC
SERDES_x_REFCLK[0:1]_P	Clock	Reference clock differential. Each SERDESIF consists of two signals (REFCLK0_P, REFCLK1_P). Here x = 0 for SERDESIF_0 and x = 1 for SERDESIF_1.	DNC
SERDES_x_REFCLK[0:1]_N	Clock	Reference clock differential. Each SERDESIF consists of two signals (REFCLK0_P, REFCLK1_P). Here x = 0 for SERDESIF_0 and x = 1 for SERDESIF_1.	DNC

2.10 Special Pins

The two live probe I/O cells are dual-purpose. If live probe functionality will never be used on these I/Os, the user can configure the I/O as an input, output, or bidirectional. However, if the intent is to perform live switching between the user I/O and probe functionality, then use the I/O only as an output. If it were configured as an input during general use, then as soon as it is switched over to live probe operation, the probe circuitry would drive out onto this I/O, potentially causing device damage.

Table 11 • Special Pins

Name	Type	Description
PROBE_A PROBE_B	Input/ Output	The two live probe I/O cells are dual-purpose—Live probe functionality and user I/O
CCC_xyz_CLKI0	Input	Input clock from dedicated input pad 0. The xy portion refers to the CCC location (NE, SW, SE, or NW) and z represents the CCC number (0 or 1).
CCC_xyz_CLKI1	Input	Input clock from dedicated input pad 1. The xy portion refers to the CCC location (NE, SW, SE, or NW) and z represents the CCC number (0 or 1).
CCC_xyz_CLKI2	Input	Input clock from dedicated input pad 2. The xy portion refers to the CCC location (NE, SW, SE, or NW) and z represents the CCC number (0 or 1).
CCC_xyz_CLKI3	Input	Input clock from dedicated input pad 3. The xy portion refers to the CCC location (NE, SW, SE, or NW) and z represents the CCC number (0 or 1).
GBx	Input	GB is a multiplexer that generates an independent global signal. The GBs can be driven from multiple sources such as dedicated global I/Os, fabric CCCs, VCCCs, and fabric routing
xDDR_TMATCH_[0/1]_IN	Input	DQS enable input for timing match between DQS and system clock. TMATCH_IN and TMATCH_OUT pins need to be looped back with the trace length as short as possible.
xDDR_TMATCH_[0/1]_OUT	Output	DQS enable output for timing match between DQS and system clock.
DNC	–	Do not connect. This pin should not be connected to any signals on the PCB; leave this pin unconnected.
NC	–	Do not connect. This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. This pin can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

2.11 Input Only Pins

These pins are differentially paired with Flash_golden_n (input only pin) and are input only when used to connect to the FPGA fabric. These pins can be used as output for the listed MSS peripherals.

Table 12 • Input Only Pins

Device	Pin	Description
M2GL050T/TS-FG896	H27	MSI46NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL060-VFG784	C26	MSI47NB2 is an input only when used to connect to the FPGA fabric.
M2GL090T/TS-FG676	D23	MSI59NB2/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI59NB2 is an input only pin.
M2GL090T/TS-FG484	D21	MSI59NB2/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI59NB2 is an input only pin.
M2GL060T/TS-FG484	D21	MSI47NB2/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI47NB2 is an input only pin.

Table 12 • Input Only Pins (continued)

Device	Pin	Description
M2GL050T/TS-FG484	D21	MSI46NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL025T/TS-FG484	D21	MSI32NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI32NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL010T/TS-FG484	D21	MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI32NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL005-FG484	D21	MSI16NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI16NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL060T/TS-VF400	D18	MSI47NB2, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL050T/TS-VF400	D18	MSI46NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI46NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL025T/TS-VF400	D18	MSI32NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI32NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL010T/TS-VF400	D18	MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI26NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL005-VF400	D18	MSI16NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B/USB_DIR_C, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI16NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL025T/TS-VF256	G12	MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI26NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL010T/TS-VF256	G12	MSI26NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI26NB1 is an input only pin.
M2GL005-VF256	D12	MSI16NB1/MMUART_0_TXD/GPIO_27_B, cannot be configured as differential. The function MSI16NB1 is an input only pin.

2.11.1 High Performance Memory Subsystem

Table 13 • High Performance Memory Subsystem Pin Names and Descriptions

Name	Type	Description
SPI_0_SS0	Output	SPI slave select0. Can also be used as fabric I/O.
SPI_0_CLK	Output	SPI clock. Can also be used as fabric I/O.
SPI_0_SDO	Output	SPI data output. Can also be used as fabric I/O.
SPI_0_SDI	Input	SPI data input. Can also be used as fabric I/O.

2.12 Microcontroller Subsystem (MSS)

Table 14 • MSS Pin Names and Descriptions

Name	Type	Description
Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) Peripherals		
I2C_0_SCL	Input/Output	I ² C bus serial clock output.
I2C_0_SDA	Input/Output	I ² C bus serial data input/output.
I2C_1_SCL	Input/Output	I ² C bus serial clock output.
I2C_1_SDA	Input/Output	I ² C bus serial data input/output.
Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) Peripherals		
MMUART_0_CLK	Output	UART clock.
MMUART_0_TXD	Output	UART transmit data.
MMUART_0_RXD	Input	UART receive data.
MMUART_0_CTS	Input	UART clear to send.
MMUART_0_RTS	Output	UART request to send.
MMUART_0_DTR	Output	Modem data terminal ready.
MMUART_0_DCD	Input	Modem data carrier detects.
MMUART_0_DSR	Input	Modem data set ready.
MMUART_0_RI	Input	Modem ring indicator.
MMUART_1_CLK	Output	UART Clock.
MMUART_1_TXD	Output	UART transmit data.
MMUART_1_RXD	Input	UART receive data.
MMUART_1_CTS	Input	UART clear to send.
MMUART_1_RTS	Output	UART request to send.
MMUART_1_DTR	Output	Modem data terminal ready.
MMUART_1_DCD	Input	Modem data carrier detects.
MMUART_1_DSR	Input	Modem data set ready.
MMUART_1_RI	Input	Modem ring indicator.
Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Controllers		
SPI_0_SS0	Output	SPI target select0.
SPI_0_SS1	Output	SPI target select1.
SPI_0_SS2	Output	SPI target select2.
SPI_0_SS3	Output	SPI target select3.
SPI_0_SS4	Output	SPI target select4.
SPI_0_SS5	Output	SPI target select5.
SPI_0_SS6	Output	SPI target select6.
SPI_0_SS7	Output	SPI target select7.
SPI_0_CLK	Output	SPI clock.
SPI_0_SDO	Output	SPI data output.
SPI_0_SDI	Input	SPI data input.

Table 14 • MSS Pin Names and Descriptions (continued)

Name	Type	Description
SPI_1_SS0	Output	SPI target select0.
SPI_1_SS1	Output	SPI target select1.
SPI_1_SS2	Output	SPI target select2.
SPI_1_SS3	Output	SPI target select3.
SPI_1_SS4	Output	SPI target select4.
SPI_1_SS5	Output	SPI target select5.
SPI_1_SS6	Output	SPI target select6.
SPI_1_SS7	Output	SPI target select7.
SPI_1_CLK	Output	SPI clock.
SPI_1_SDO	Output	SPI data output.
SPI_1_SDI	Input	SPI data input.

Note: All the pins can also be used as Fabric I/Os as all MSS pins are muxed with Fabric I/Os.

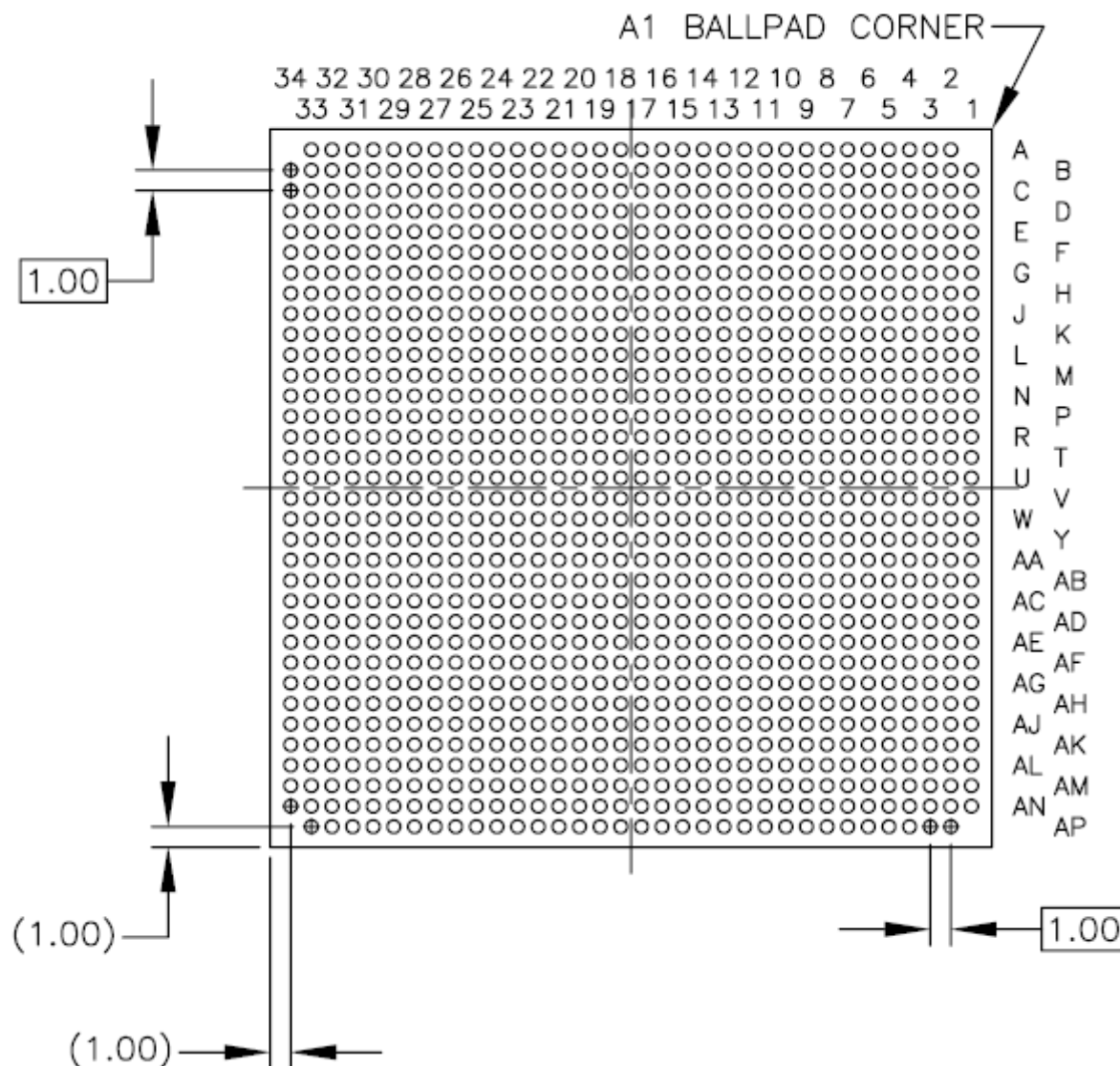
2.13 I/O Programmable Features

IGLOO2 devices support different I/O programmable features for MSIO, MSIOD, and DDRIO. Each I/O pair (P, N) supports the following programmable features:

- Programmable drive strength
- Programmable weak pull-up and pull-down
- Configurable ODT and driver impedance
- Programmable input delay
- Programmable Schmitt input and receiver

For more information on IGLOO2 I/O programmable features, refer to the "IGLOO2 I/O Features" table of the [UG0445: IGLOO2 FPGA and SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Fabric User Guide](#).

Figure 30 • FC1152 Package Bottom-View



2.14.1.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FC1152 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

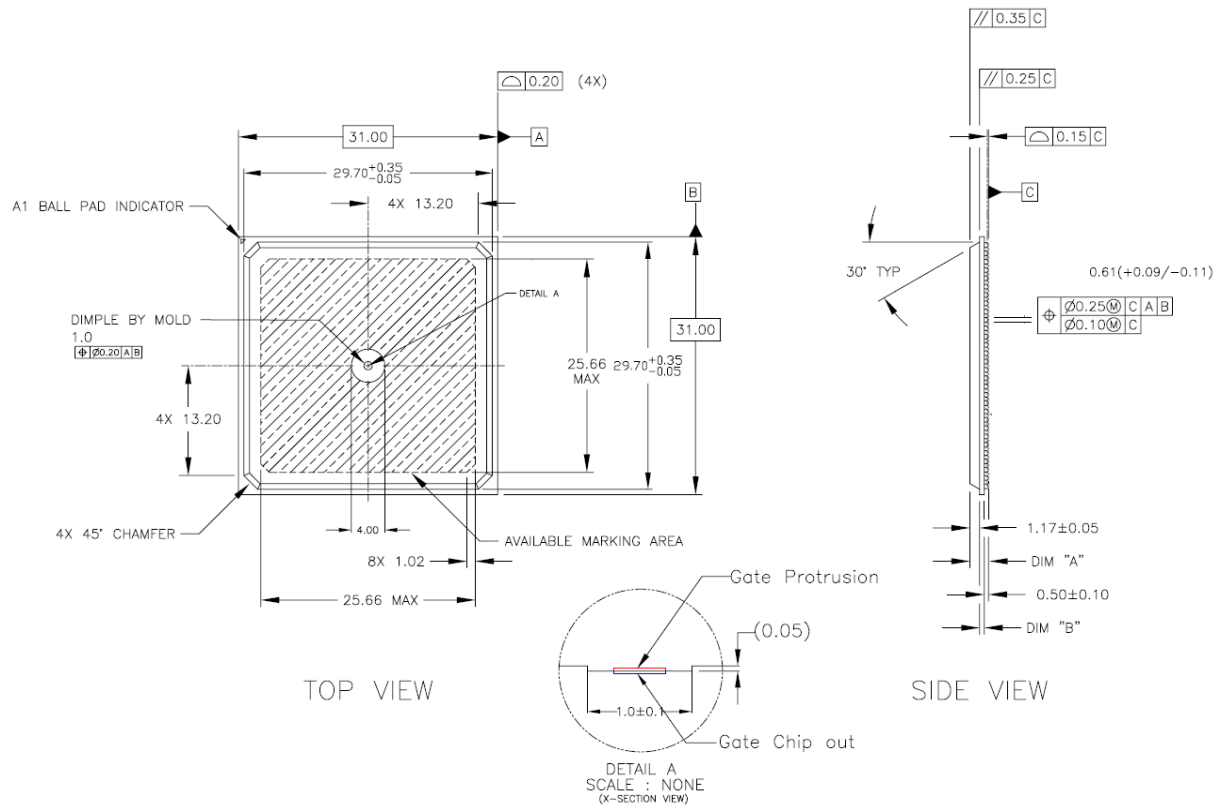
[IGLOO2 FC1152 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FC1152: M2GL150(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

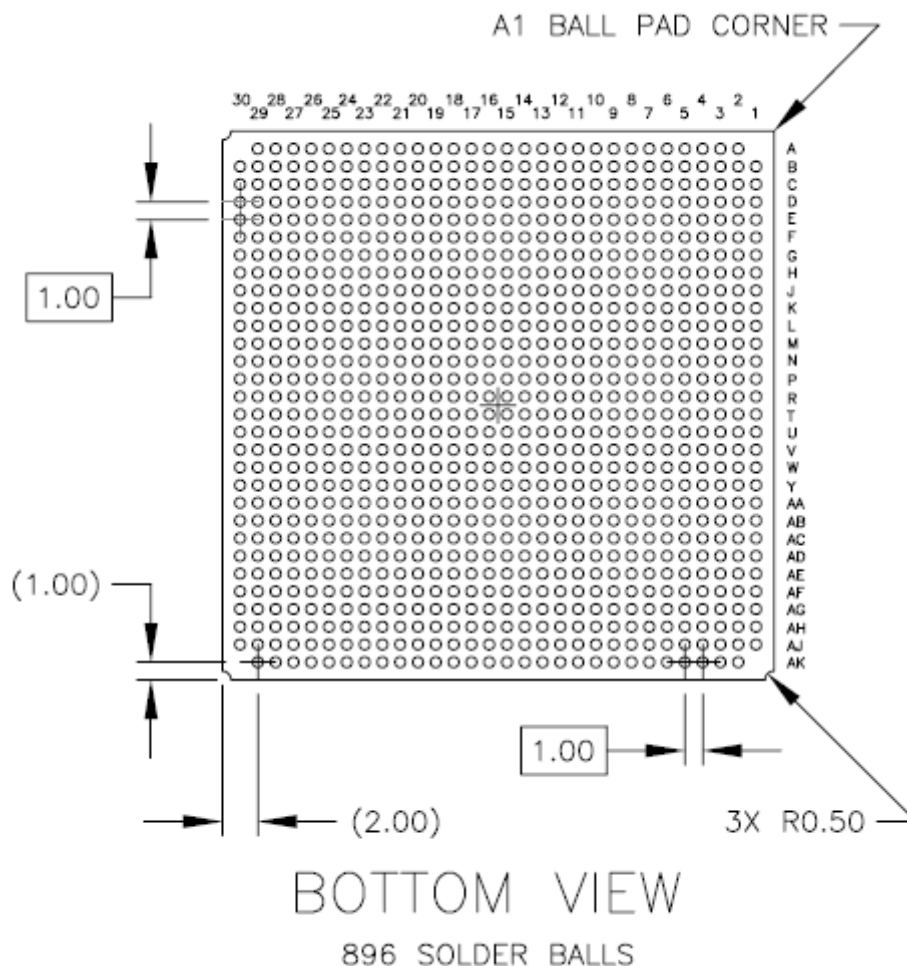
2.14.2 FG896

Figure 31 • FG896 Package Top-View and Side-View



4	2.23±0.21	0.56±0.06	STANDARD
NO. LAYERS	DIM "A"	DIM "B"	NOTES
PBGA THICKNESS SCHEDULE			

Figure 32 • FG896 Package Bottom-View



2.14.2.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FG896 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FG896 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FG896: M2GL050(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.3 VFG784

Figure 33 • VFG784 Package Top-View and Side-View

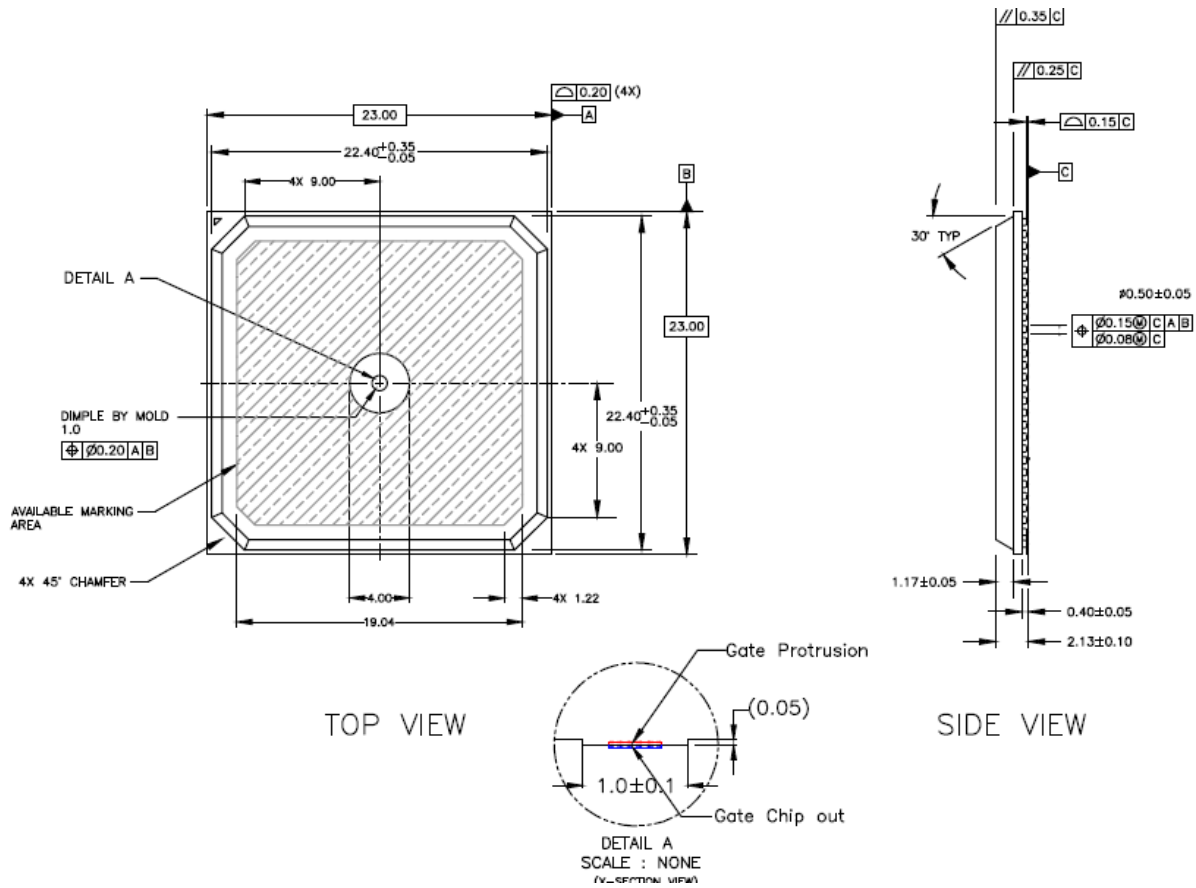
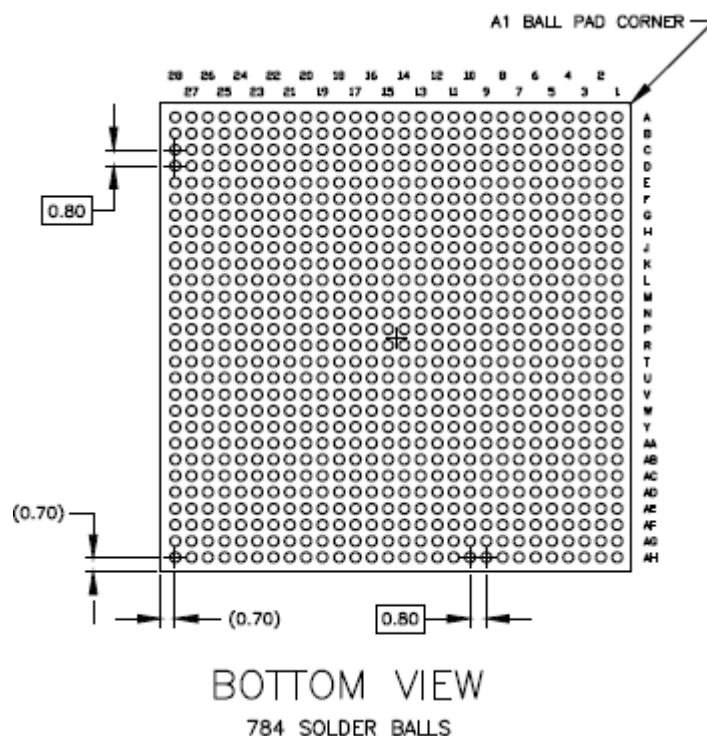


Figure 34 • VFG784 Package Bottom-View



2.14.3.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the VFG784 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

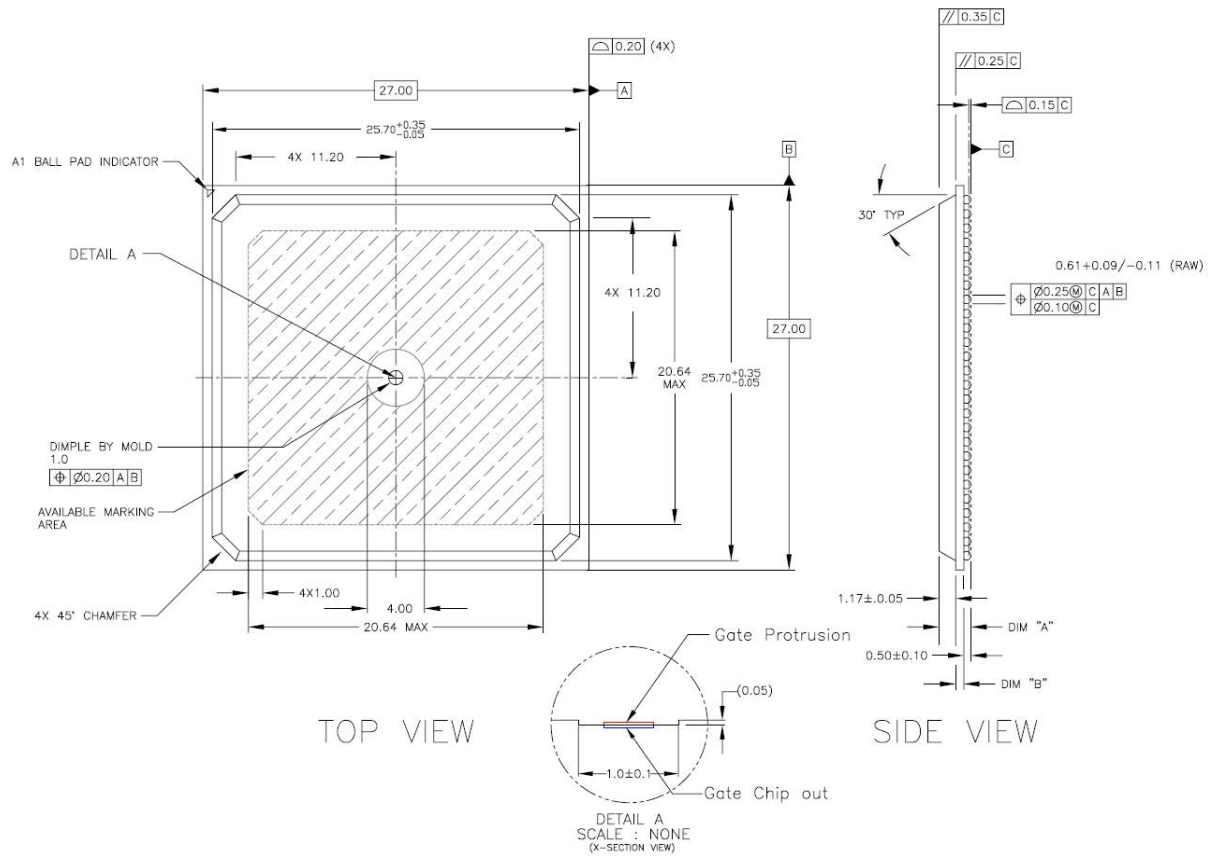
[IGLOO2 VFG784 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the VFG784: M2GL060(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

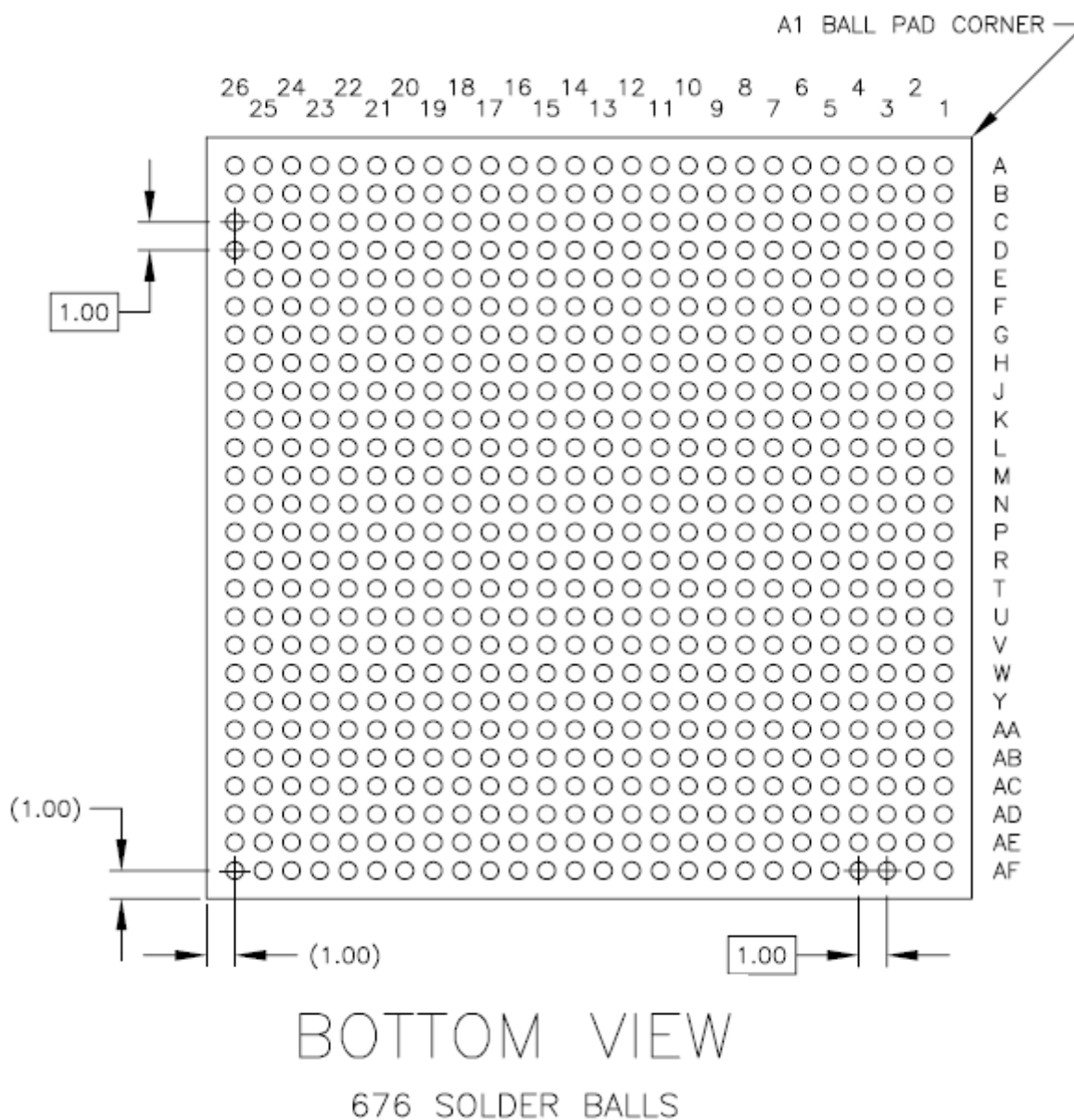
2.14.4 FG676

Figure 35 • FG676 Package Top-View and Side-View



4	2.23±0.21	0.56±0.06	STANDARD
NO. LAYERS	DIM "A"	DIM "B"	NOTES
PBGA THICKNESS SCHEDULE			

Figure 36 • FG676 Package Bottom-View



2.14.4.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FG676 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FG676 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FG676: M2GL090(T), (TS) and M2GL060(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.5 FCS536

Figure 37 • FCS536 Package Top-View and Side-View

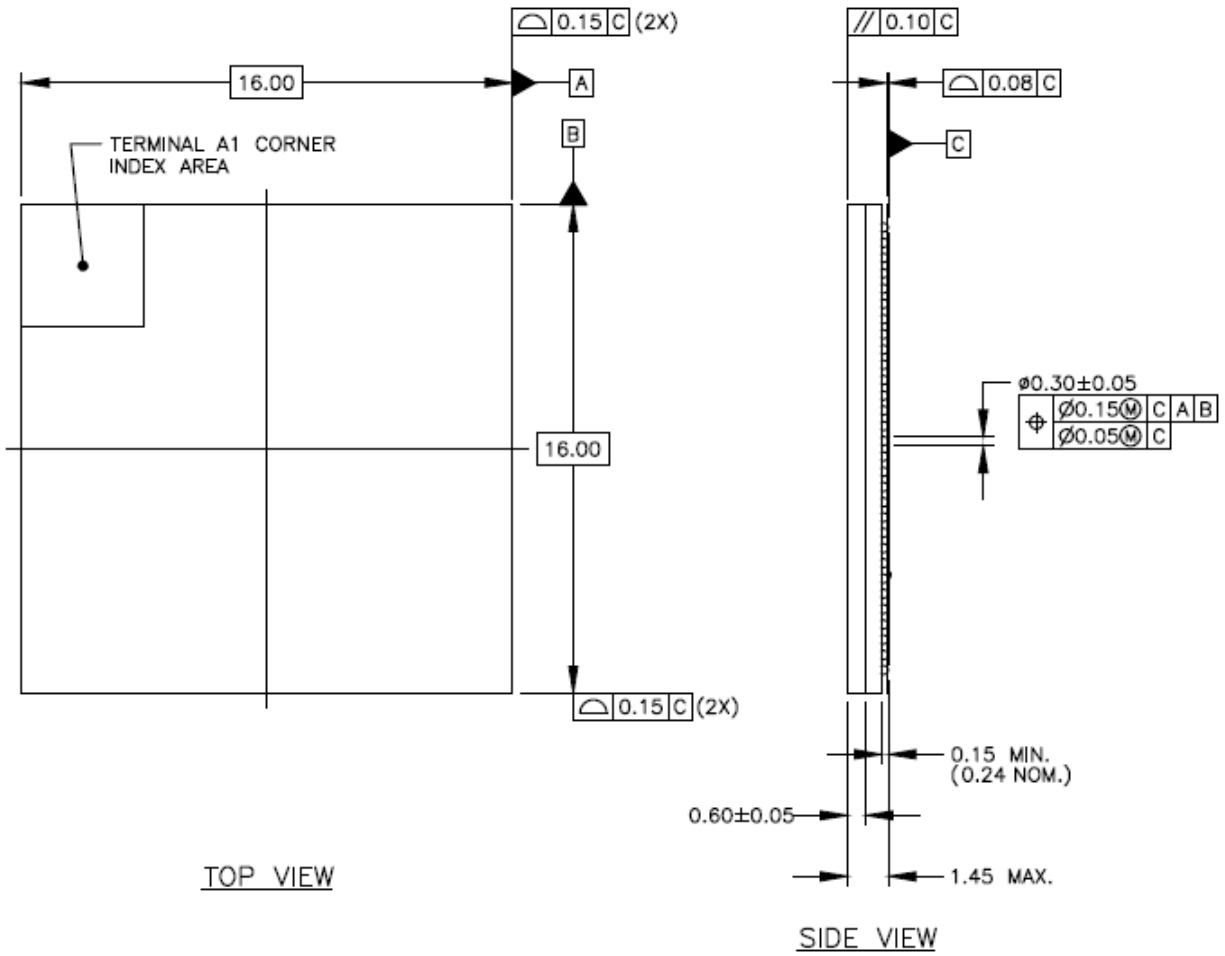
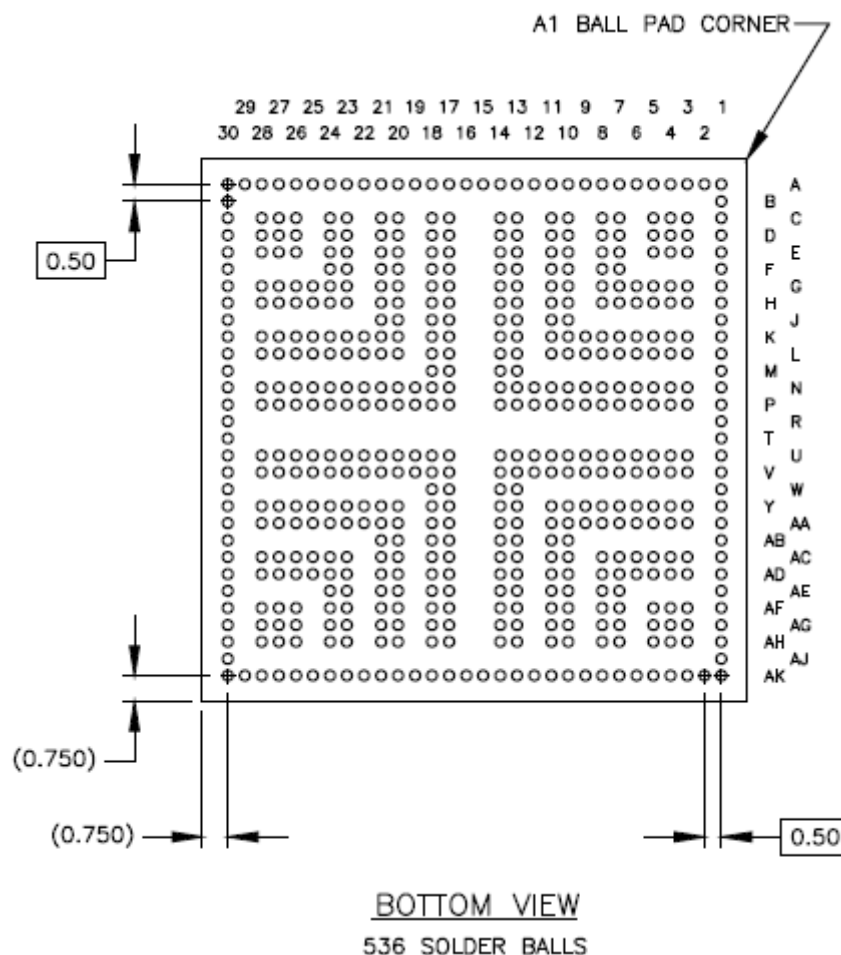


Figure 38 • FCS536 Package Bottom-View



2.14.5.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FCS536 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FCS536 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FCS536: M2GL150(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.6 FCV484

Figure 39 • FCV484 Package Top-View and Side-View

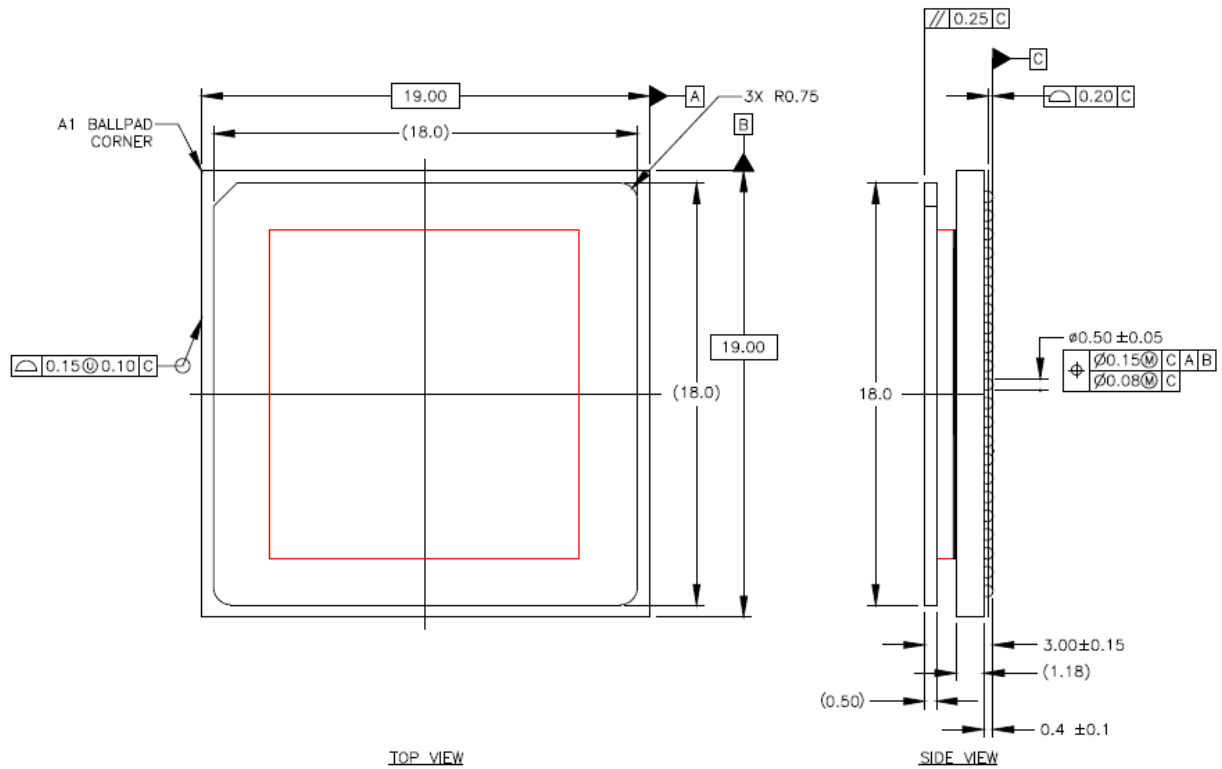
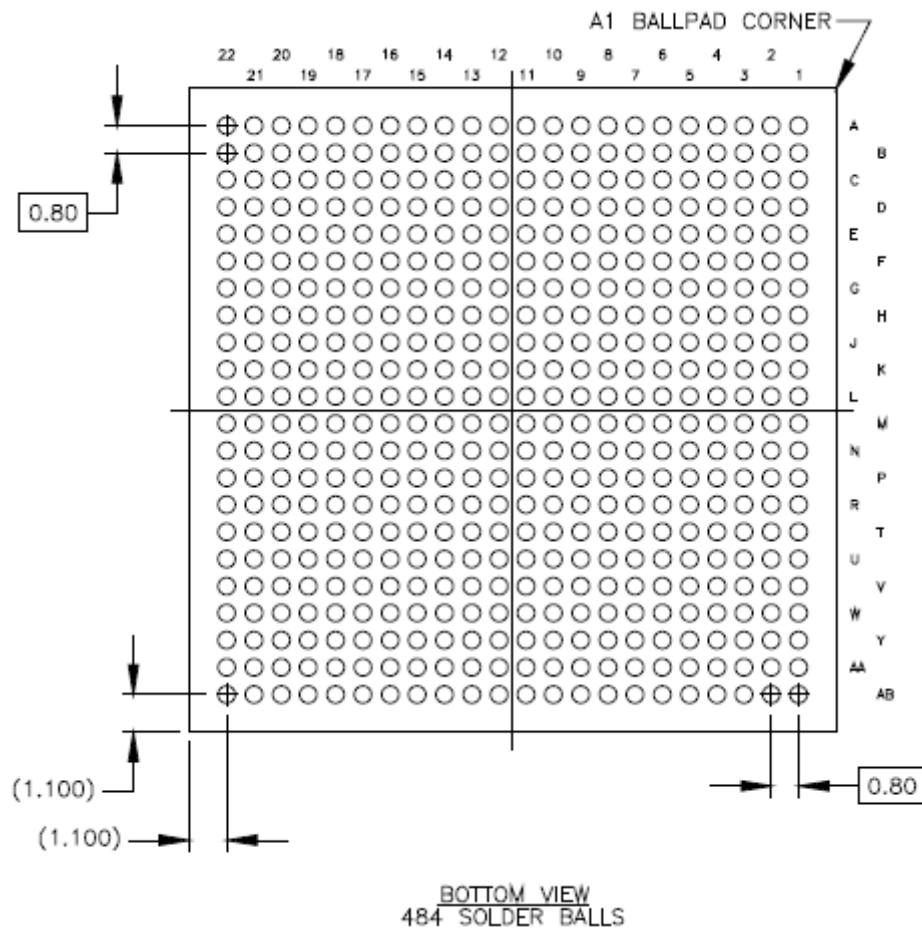


Figure 40 • FCV484 Package Bottom-View



2.14.6.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FCV484 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FCV484 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FCV484: M2GL150(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.7 FG484

Figure 41 • FG484 Package Top-View and Side-View

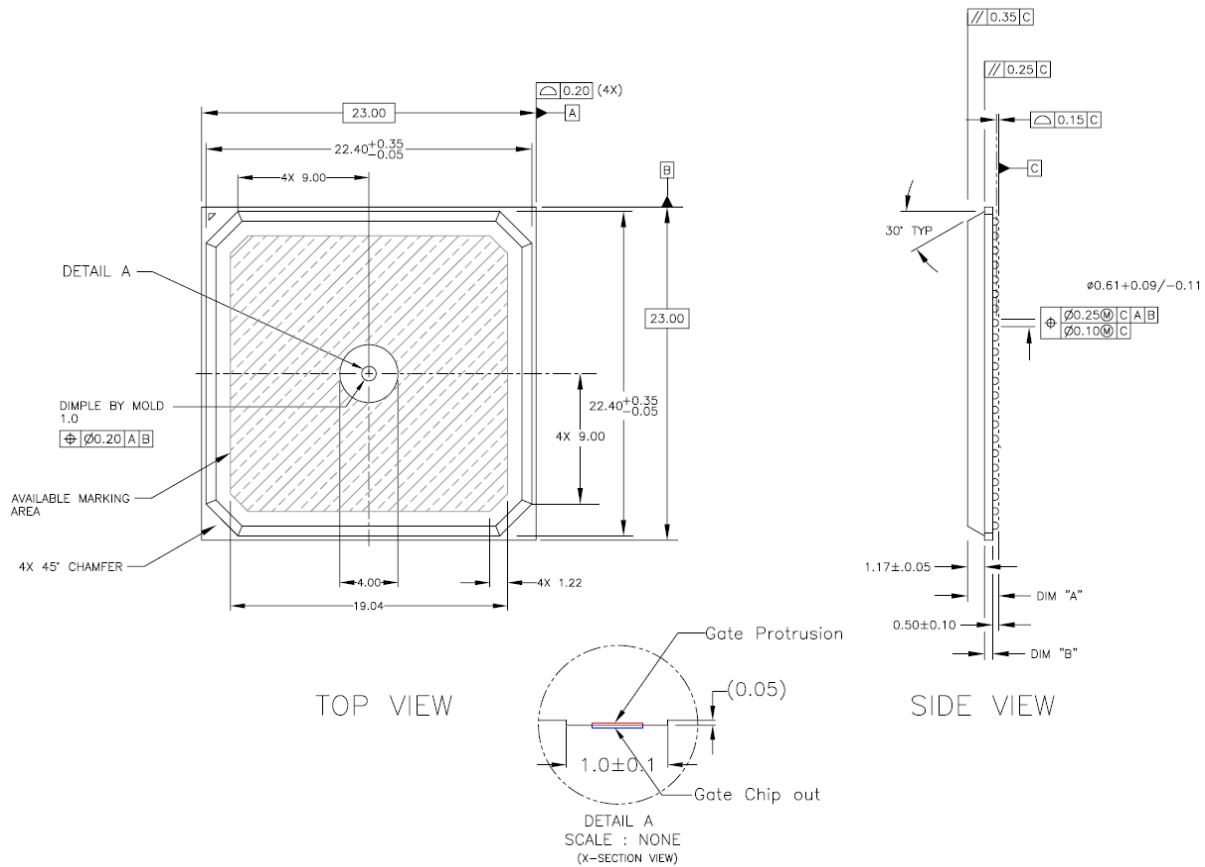
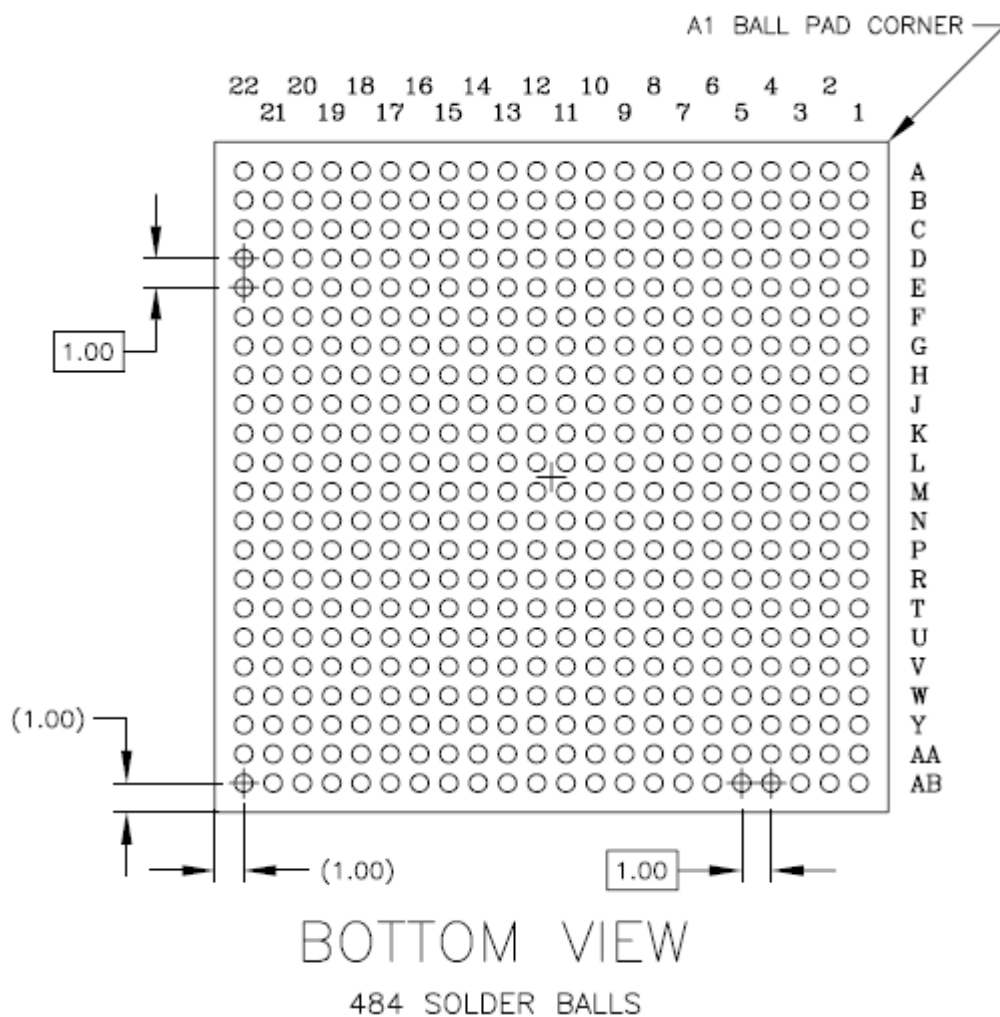


Figure 42 • FG484 Package Bottom-View



2.14.7.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FG484 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FG484 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FG484:

- M2GL005(S)
- M2GL010(T), (TS)
- M2GL025(T), (TS)
- M2GL050(T), (TS)
- M2GL060(T), (TS)
- M2GL090(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.8 VF400

Figure 43 • VF400 Package Top-View and Side-View

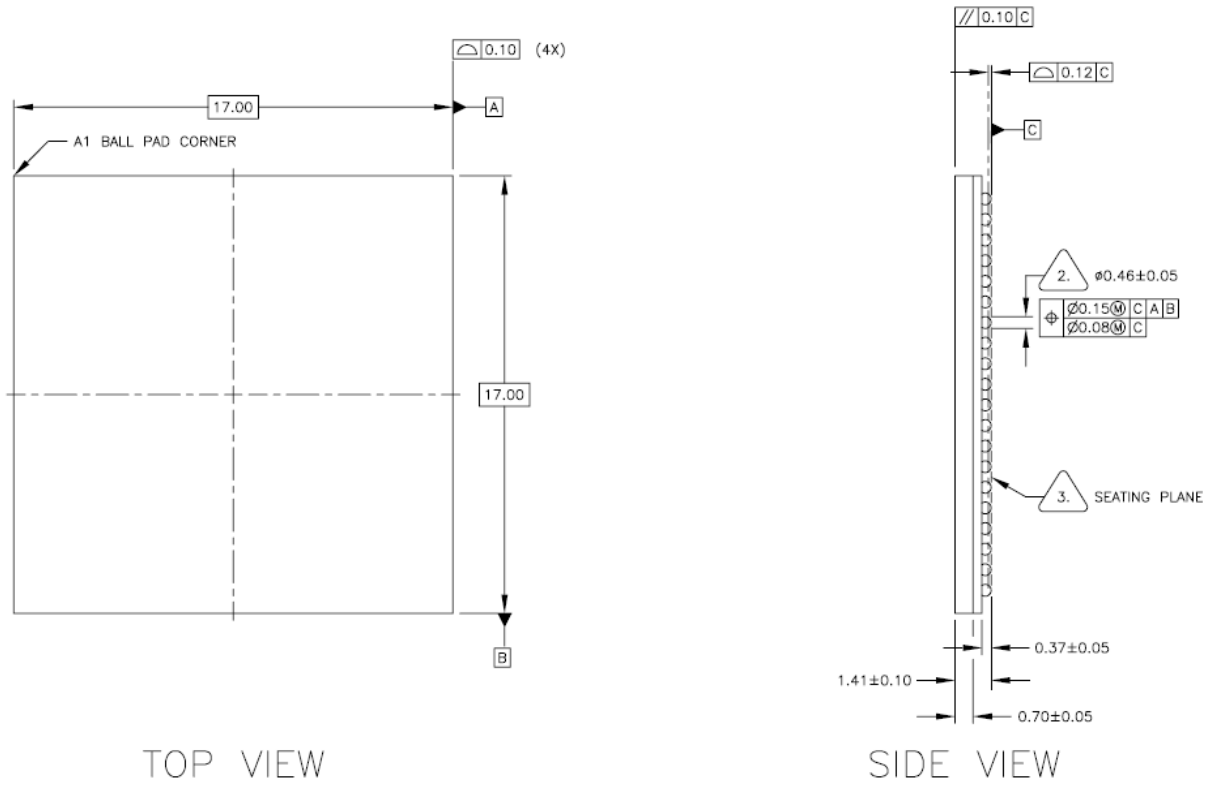
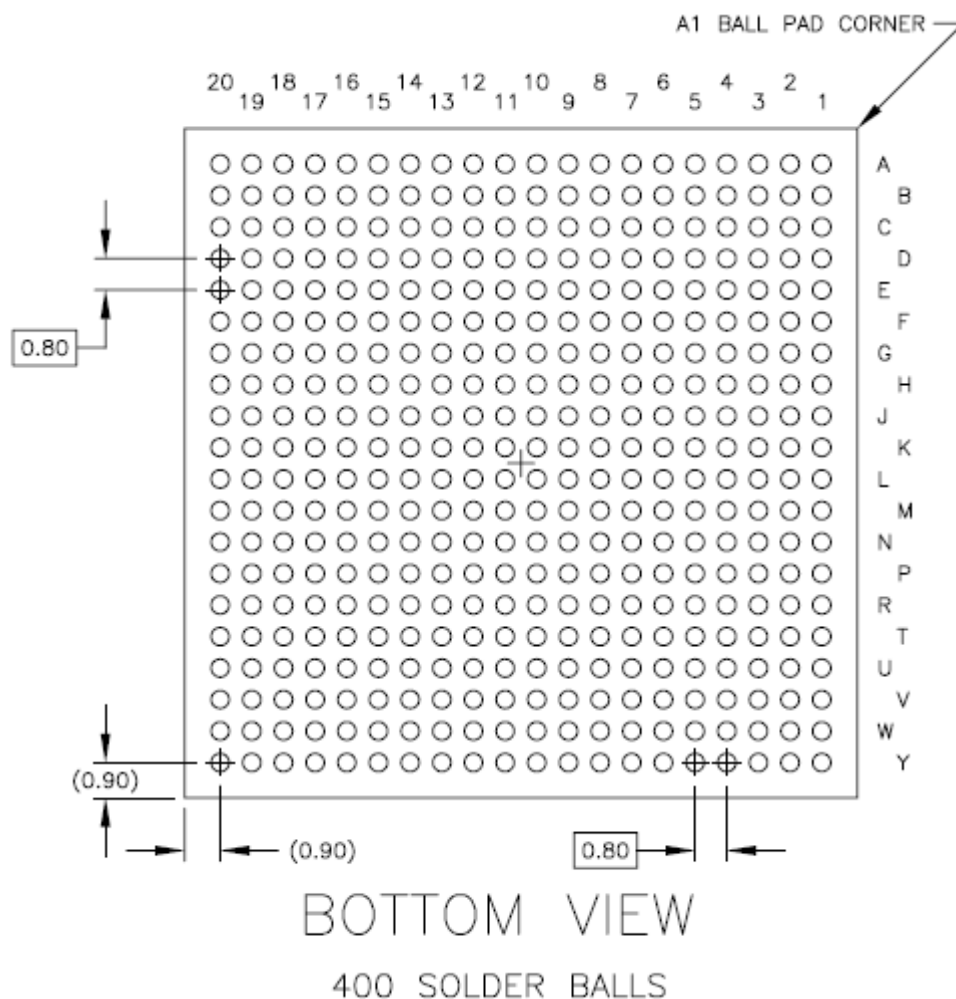


Figure 44 • VF400 Package Bottom-View



2.14.8.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the VF400 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 VF400 pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the VF400:

- M2GL005(S)
- M2GL010(T), (TS)
- M2GL025(T), (TS)
- M2GL050(T), (TS)
- M2GL060(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.9 FCS325

Figure 45 • FCS325 Package Top-View and Side-View

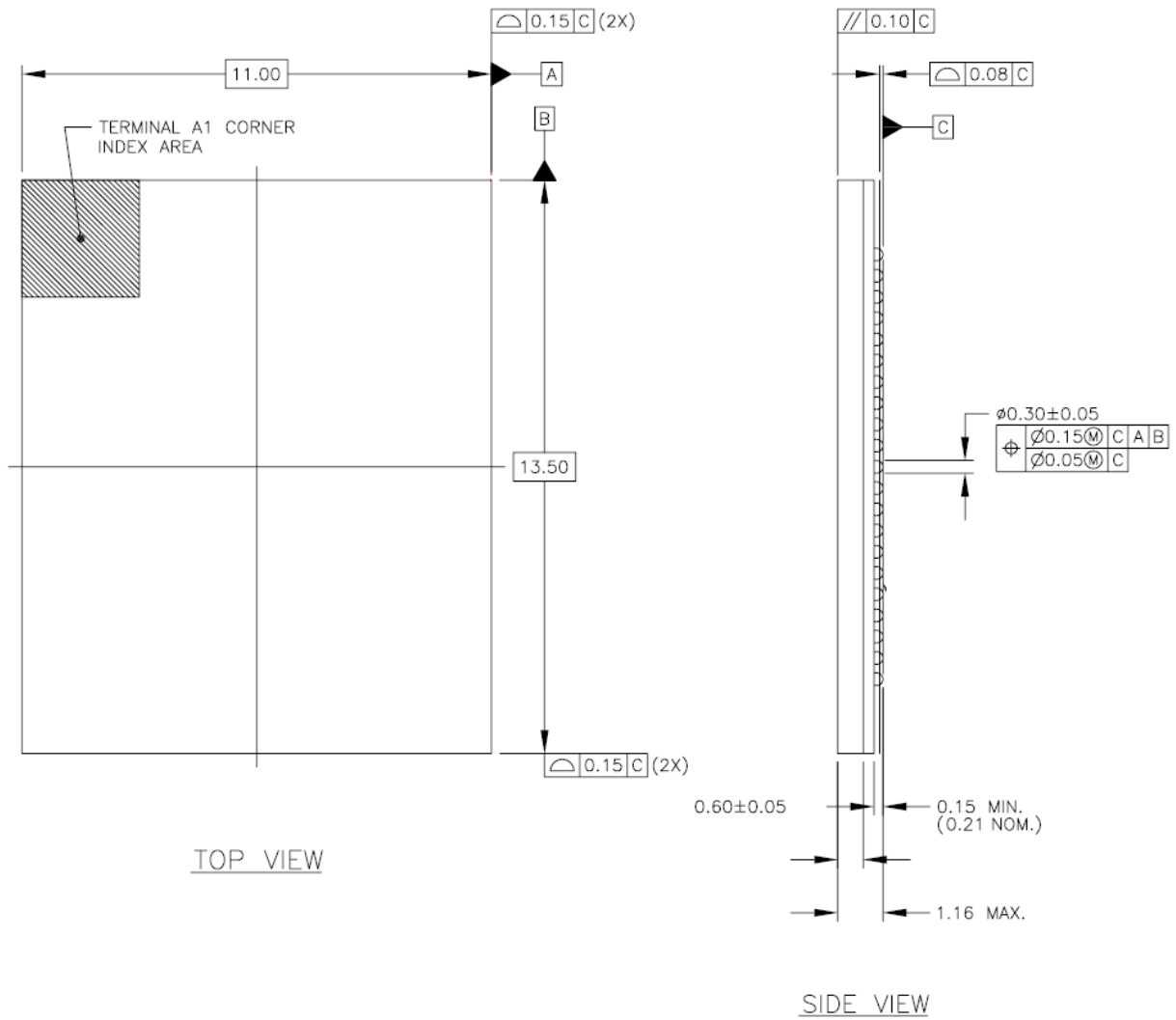
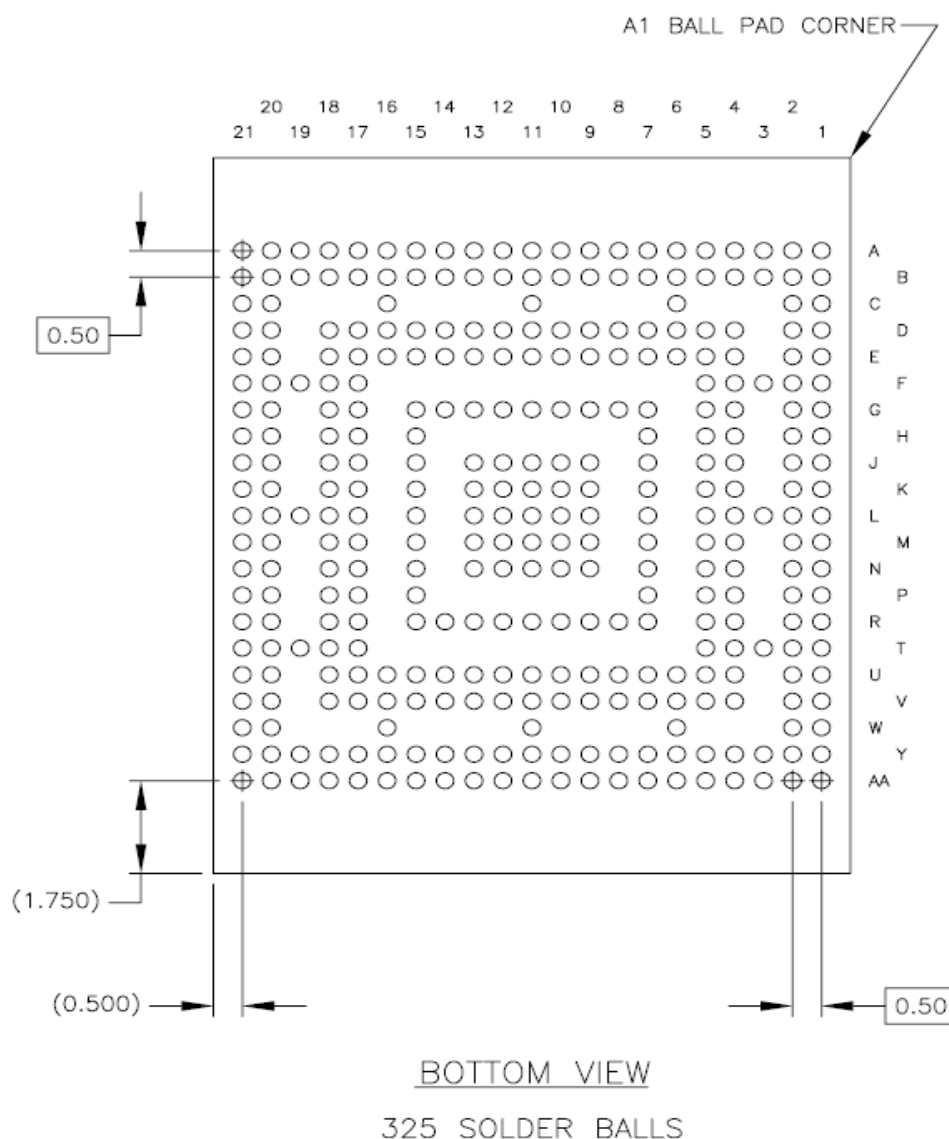


Figure 46 • FCS325 Package Bottom-View



2.14.9.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FCS325 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FCS325 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FCS325:

- M2GL090(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.10 FCS325 (11mm X 11mm)

Figure 47 • FCS325 (11mm X 11mm) Package Top-View and Side-View

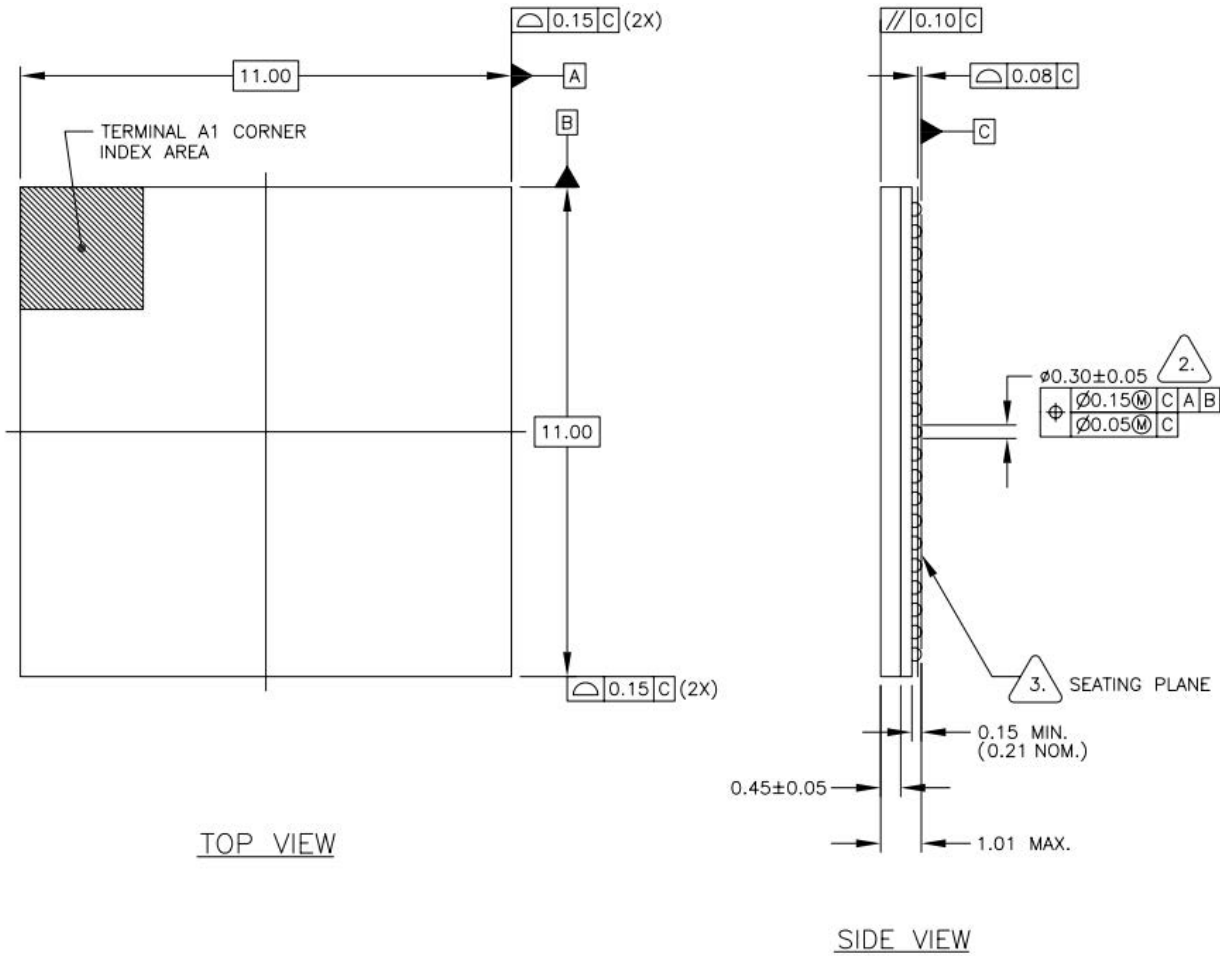
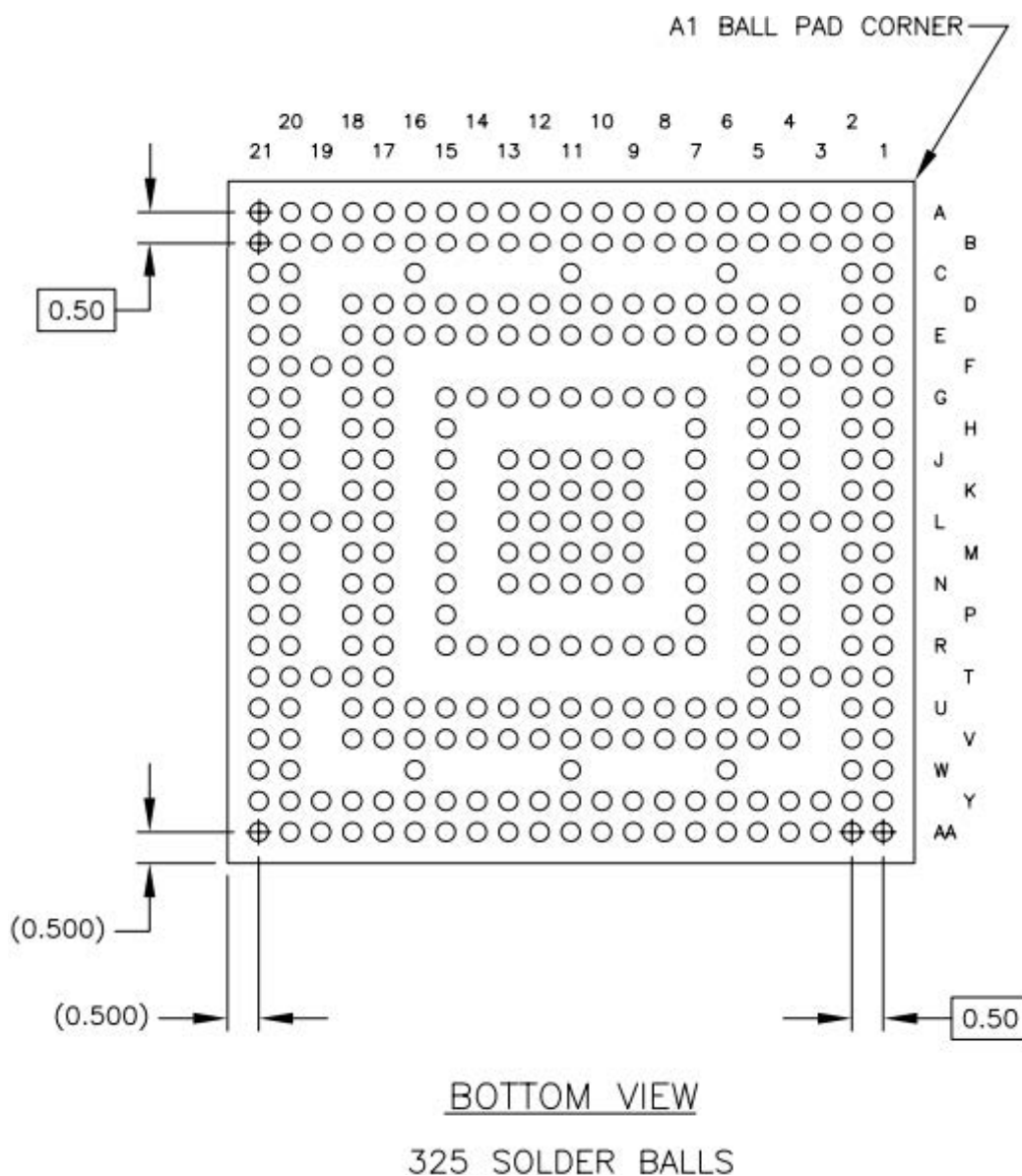


Figure 48 • FCS325 (11mm X 11mm) Package Bottom-View



2.14.10.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the FCS325 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 FCS325 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the FCS325:

- M2GL025(T), (TS)
- M2GL050(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.11 VF256

Figure 49 • VF256 Package Top-View and Side-View

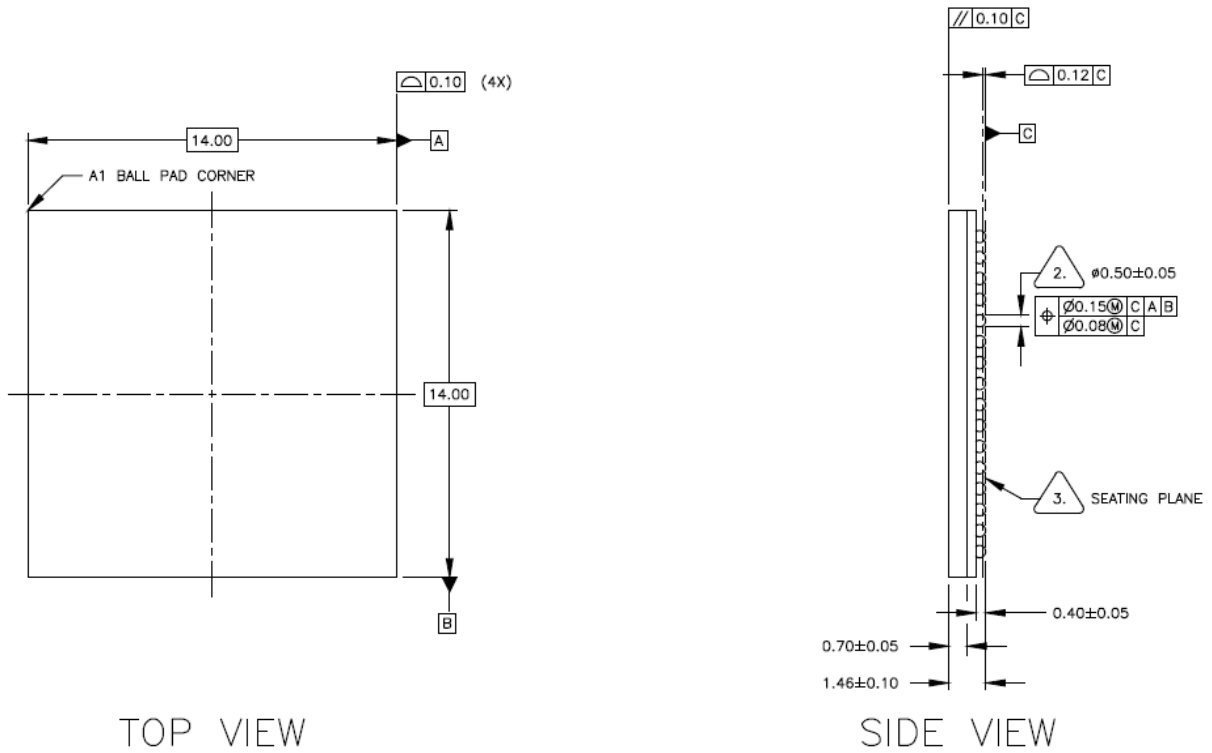
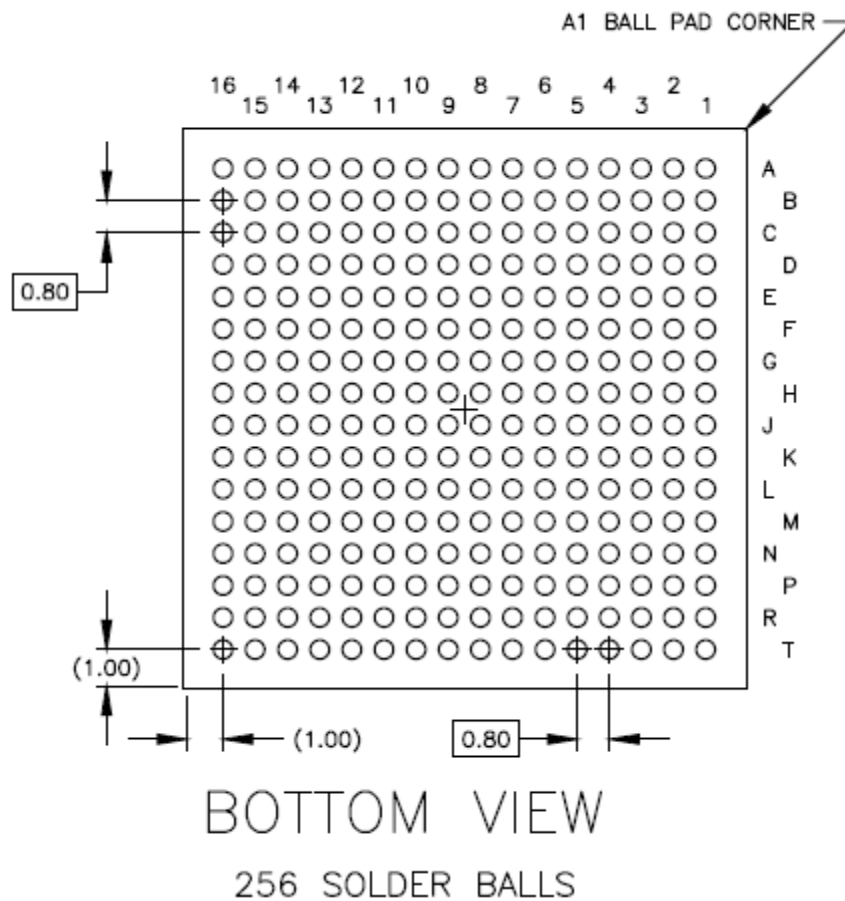


Figure 50 • VF256 Package Bottom-View



2.14.11.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the VF256 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[IGLOO2 VF256 Pinouts](#)

The following devices are available in the VF256:

- M2GL005(S)
- M2GL010(T), (TS)
- M2GL025(T), (TS)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs](#).

2.14.12 TQ144

Figure 51 • TQ144 Package Top-View and Side-View

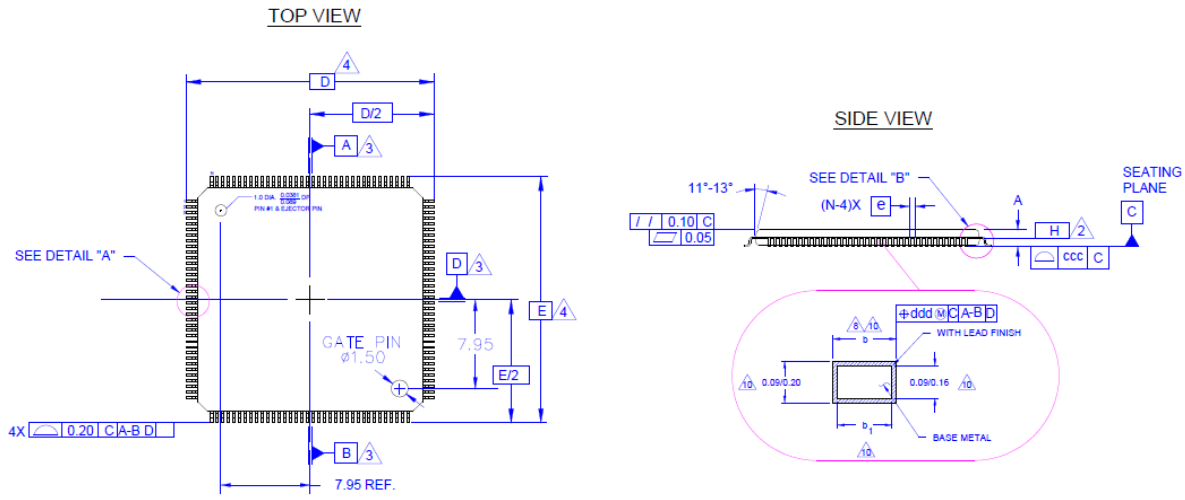
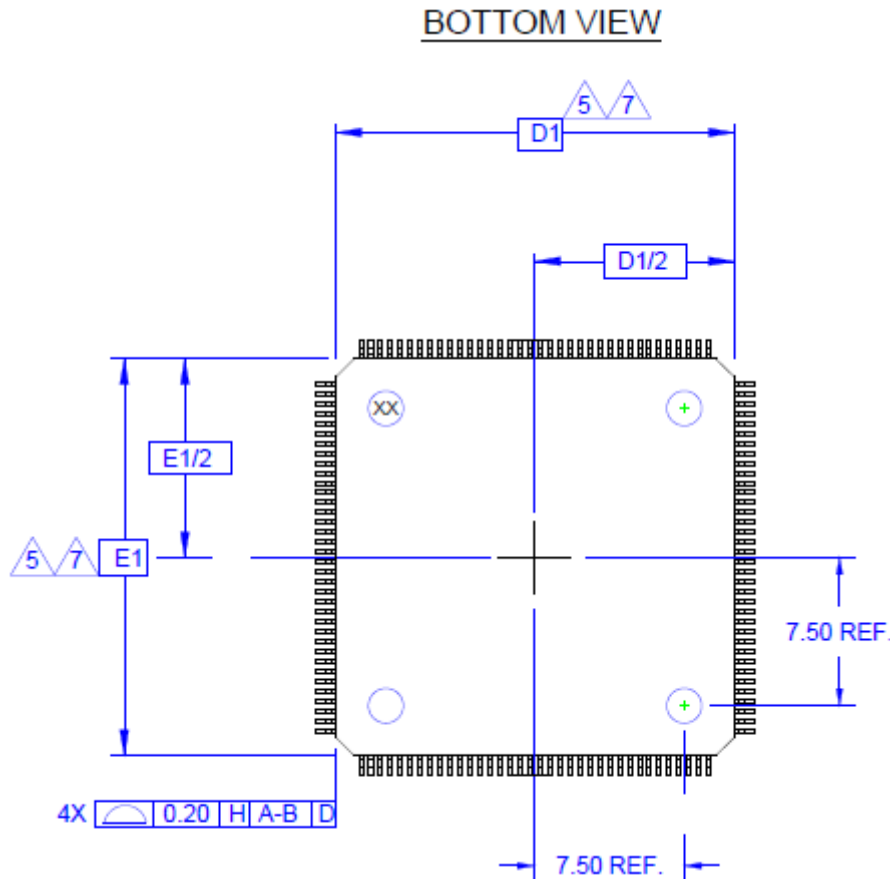


Figure 52 • TQ144 Package Bottom-View



Note:

1. All dimensioning and tolerances confirm to ASME Y14.5-1994.
2. Datum plane H located at mold parting line and coincident with lead, where lead exits plastic body at bottom of parting line.

3. Datums A-B and D to be determined at centerline between leads where leads exit plastic body at datum plane H.
4. To be determined at seating plane C.
5. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable mold protrusion is 0.254 mm per side. Dimension D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are determined at datum plane H.
6. N is number of terminals.
7. Package top dimensions are smaller than bottom dimensions by 0.10 millimeters and top of package will not overhang bottom of package.
8. Dimension b does not include damber protrusion. Allowable damber protrusion shall be not cause the lead width to exceed the maximum b dimension by more than 0.08 mm. Damper can not be located on the lower radius or the foot.
9. All dimensions are in millimeters.
10. These dimensions apply to the flat section of the lead between 0.10 mm and 0.25 mm from the lead tip.
11. This drawing conforms to JEDEC registered outline m2s-026-c, variation BFB.
12. A1 is defined as the distance from the seating plane to the lowest point of the package body.

2.14.12.1 Pin Tables

Pin tables for the TQ144 package depicted in the preceding figure are found in the Excel spreadsheet located here:

[*IGLOO2 TQ144 Pinouts*](#)

The following devices are available in the TQ144: M2GL010 and M2GL005 (S)

For more information on Layout Guidelines, see the [*AN4153 Board and Layout Design Guidelines for SmartFusion2 SoC and IGLOO2 FPGAs*](#).